S&P Dow Jones Indices

A Division of S&P Global

S&P Kensho New Economies Volatility-Weighted Income Index *Methodology*

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Table of Contents

Introduction	1	3
	Index Objective and Highlights	3
	Supporting Documents	3
Eligibility C	riteria	4
	Index Universe	4
	Eligibility Factors	4
Index Cons	truction	5
	Constituent Selection	5
	Constituent Weighting	5
	Index Calculations	5
Index Maintenance Rebalancing Additions and Deletions		6
	Rebalancing	6
	Additions and Deletions	6
	Monthly Dividend Review	6
	Corporate Actions	6
	Other Adjustments	7
	Currency of Calculation and Additional Index Return Series	7
	Base Date and History Availability	7
Index Data		8
	Calculation Return Types	8
Index Gove	ernance	9
	Index Committee	9
Index Polic	у	10
	Announcements	10
	Pro-forma Files	10
	Holiday Schedule	10
	Rebalancing	10
	Unexpected Exchange Closures	10
	Recalculation Policy	10
	Contact Information	10
Index Disse	emination	11
	Tickers	11

	Index Data	11
	Web site	11
Appendix I		12
	Dividend Yield Calculation	12
	Sum of Inverse of Standard Deviation Weighting Calculation	12
	Volatility Calculation	12
Disclaimer		13
	Performance Disclosure/Back-Tested Data	13
	Intellectual Property Notices/Disclaimer	14
	ESG Indices Disclaimer	16

Introduction

Index Objective and Highlights

The S&P Kensho New Economies Volatility-Weighted Income Index measures the performance of 35 of the highest dividend paying companies from the S&P Kensho New Economies Composite Index, weighted inversely proportional to their volatility. The constituents must have paid a quarterly cash dividend for each of the last four quarters and are selected by indicated annual dividend (IAD) yield rank.

For more information on the S&P Kensho New Economies Composite Index, please refer to S&P Kensho Indices Methodology available at <u>www.spglobal.com/spdji/</u>.

Supporting Documents

This methodology is meant to be read in conjunction with supporting documents providing greater detail with respect to the policies, procedures and calculations described herein. References throughout the methodology direct the reader to the relevant supporting document for further information on a specific topic. The list of the main supplemental documents for this methodology and the hyperlinks to those documents is as follows:

Supporting Document	URL
S&P Dow Jones Indices' Equity Indices Policies & Practices Methodology	Equity Indices Policies & Practices
S&P Dow Jones Indices' Index Mathematics Methodology	Index Mathematics Methodology

This methodology was created by S&P Dow Jones Indices to achieve the aforementioned objective of measuring the underlying interest of each index governed by this methodology document. Any changes to or deviations from this methodology are made in the sole judgment and discretion of S&P Dow Jones Indices so that the index continues to achieve its objective.

Eligibility Criteria

Index Universe

The index universe is comprised of all companies that are constituents of the S&P Kensho New Economies Composite Index.

Eligibility Factors

Dividend History. At each semi-annual rebalancing, a company in the index universe is eligible for index inclusion if the company has paid a cash dividend in each of the prior four consecutive calendar quarters, including the current quarter.

Dividend Payment Types. S&P Dow Jones Indices only considers cash dividend payments (based on ex-date) declared as regular by the paying company for index eligibility, selection, and ranking purposes. Cash dividend payments declared as special by the paying company, including recurring special cash dividends, are not considered. For eligibility purposes and ranking, indicated annual cash dividend amounts, before withholding tax, are used.

For index eligibility, selection, and weighting purposes, S&P DJI only considers the fixed portion of the dividend distribution by U.S. companies with fixed plus variable dividend policies.

In situations where a dividend payment, or payments, deviates from the company's standard dividend payment cycle, S&P Dow Jones Indices will, at its discretion, allocate payments to the appropriate year in order to take a full cycle into account.

Multiple Share Classes. Each company is represented once by the Designated Listing. For more information regarding the treatment of multiple share classes, please refer to Approach B within the Multiple Share Classes section of the S&P Dow Jones Indices' Equity Indices Policies & Practices Methodology.

Companies in the index universe that satisfy the above criteria form the eligible universe.

Index Construction

Constituent Selection

At each rebalancing the following selection process is performed:

- 1. Companies in the eligible universe are ranked by Indicated Annual Dividend (IAD) yield, defined as the company's IAD divided by the stock price as of the rebalancing reference date.
- 2. Companies are selected top-down by IAD yield until the target constituent count of 35 is reached, subject to the following buffer:
 - Current constituents ranked among the top 42 remain in the index. If at this point the target constituent count is less than 35 the highest IAD yielding non-constituents are selected until the target count is reached.

Constituent Weighting

At each rebalancing, the weight, w, for each index constituent, i, is set inversely proportional to its volatility.

W [i] =
$$(1 / \text{Volatility}_{[i]}) / (\sum_{i=1}^{N} 1 / \text{Volatility}_{[i]})$$

where:

- w = weight
- *i* = constituent

Volatility_[i] = σ Daily Price Returns in USD for Stock_[i] Last 12 Months * $\sqrt{252}$

Index Calculations

The index is calculated by means of the divisor methodology used for all S&P Dow Jones Indices' equity indices.

For more information on the weighting and index calculation methodology, please refer to the Non-Market Capitalization Weighted Indices section of S&P Dow Jones Indices' Index Mathematics Methodology.

Index Maintenance

Rebalancing

The index rebalances semi-annually, effective after the close of the last business day of January and July. The rebalancing reference date is after the close of the last business day of December and June, respectively. Index shares are assigned based on prices seven business days prior to the rebalancing effective date.

Additions and Deletions

Additions. Except for spin-offs, no companies are added between rebalancings.

Spin-offs. The spin-off company is added at a zero price at the open of the ex-date (with no divisor adjustment) and is removed after at least one day of regular way trading (with a divisor adjustment).

Deletions. Between rebalancings, a company can be deleted from the index due to corporate events such as mergers, acquisitions, takeovers, or delistings.

Monthly Dividend Review

S&P Dow Jones Indices reviews index constituents on a monthly basis. For more information regarding the monthly dividend review, please refer to Approach C in the Monthly Review for Ongoing Eligibility in Dividend Focused Indices section of the S&P Dow Jones Indices' Equity Indices Policies & Practices Methodology.

Corporate Actions

For more information, please refer to the Non-Market Capitalization Indices section of S&P Dow Jones Indices' Equity Indices Policies & Practices Methodology.

Other Adjustments

In cases where there is no achievable market price for a stock being deleted, it can be removed at a zero or minimal price at the Index Committee's discretion, in recognition of the constraints faced by investors in trading bankrupt or suspended stocks.

Currency of Calculation and Additional Index Return Series

The index is calculated in U.S. dollars.

In addition to the indices detailed in this methodology, additional return series versions of the indices may be available, including, but not limited to the following: currency, currency hedged, decrement, fair value, inverse, leveraged, and risk control versions. For a list of available indices, please refer to the <u>S&P DJI</u> <u>Methodology & Regulatory Status Database</u>.

For information on the index calculation, please refer to S&P Dow Jones Indices' Index Mathematics Methodology.

For the inputs necessary to calculate certain types of indices, including decrement, dynamic hedged, fair value, and risk control indices, please refer to the Parameters documents available at www.spglobal.com/spdji/.

Base Date and History Availability

Index history availability, base date, and base value are shown in the table below.

Index	Launch	First Value	Base	Base
	Date	Date	Date	Value
S&P Kensho New Economies Volatility-Weighted Income Index	02/24/2020	07/31/2013	07/31/2013	100

Index Data

Calculation Return Types

S&P Dow Jones Indices calculates multiple return types which vary based on the treatment of regular cash dividends. The classification of regular cash dividends is determined by S&P Dow Jones Indices.

- Price Return (PR) versions are calculated without adjustments for regular cash dividends.
- Gross Total Return (TR) versions reinvest regular cash dividends at the close on the ex-date without consideration for withholding taxes.
- Net Total Return (NTR) versions, if available, reinvest regular cash dividends at the close on the ex-date after the deduction of applicable withholding taxes.

In the event there are no regular cash dividends on the ex-date, the daily performance of all three indices will be identical.

For a complete list of indices available, please refer to the daily index levels file (".SDL").

For more information on the classification of regular versus special cash dividends as well as the tax rates used in the calculation of net return, please refer to S&P Dow Jones Indices' Equity Indices Policies & Practices Methodology.

For more information on the calculation of return types, please refer to S&P Dow Jones Indices' Index Mathematics Methodology.

Index Governance

Index Committee

An S&P Dow Jones Indices Index Committee maintains the index. The Index Committee meets regularly. At each meeting, the Index Committees review pending corporate actions that may affect index constituents, statistics comparing the composition of the indices to the market, companies that are being considered as candidates for addition to an index, and any significant market events. In addition, the Index Committee may revise index policy covering rules for selecting companies, treatment of dividends, share counts or other matters.

S&P Dow Jones Indices considers information about changes to its indices and related matters to be potentially market moving and material. Therefore, all Index Committee discussions are confidential.

S&P Dow Jones Indices' Index Committees reserve the right to make exceptions when applying the methodology if the need arises. In any scenario where the treatment differs from the general rules stated in this document or supplemental documents, clients will receive sufficient notice, whenever possible.

In addition to the daily governance of indices and maintenance of index methodologies, at least once within any 12-month period, the Index Committee reviews the methodology to ensure the indices continue to achieve the stated objectives, and that the data and methodology remain effective. In certain instances, S&P Dow Jones Indices may publish a consultation inviting comments from external parties.

For information on Quality Assurance and Internal Reviews of Methodology, please refer to S&P Dow Jones Indices' Equity Indices Policies & Practices Methodology.

Index Policy

Announcements

All index constituents are evaluated daily for data needed to calculate index levels and returns. All events affecting the daily index calculation are typically announced in advance via the Index Corporate Events report (.SDE), delivered daily to all clients. Any unusual treatment of a corporate action or short notice of an event may be communicated via email to clients.

Pro-forma Files

In addition to the corporate events file (.SDE), S&P Dow Jones Indices provides constituent pro-forma files each time the index rebalances. The pro-forma file is typically provided daily in advance of the rebalancing date and contains all constituents as well as their corresponding weights and index shares effective for the upcoming rebalancing. Since index shares are assigned based on prices prior to the rebalancing effective date, the actual weight of each stock at the rebalancing differs from these weights due to market movements.

Please visit <u>www.spglobal.com/spdji/</u> for a complete schedule of rebalancing timelines and pro-forma delivery times.

Holiday Schedule

The index is calculated all business days of the year when the equity market is open. The only days the index is not calculated is on days when all exchanges where the index's constituents are listed are officially closed.

A complete holiday schedule for the year is available at www.spglobal.com/spdji/.

Rebalancing

The Index Committee may change the date of a given rebalancing for reasons including market holidays occurring on or around the scheduled rebalancing date. Any such change will be announced with proper advance notice where possible.

Unexpected Exchange Closures

For information on Unexpected Exchange Closures, please refer to S&P Dow Jones Indices' Equity Indices Policies & Practices Methodology.

Recalculation Policy

For information on the recalculation policy, please refer to S&P Dow Jones Indices' Equity Indices Policies & Practices Methodology.

For information on Calculations and Pricing Disruptions, Expert Judgment and Data Hierarchy, please refer to S&P Dow Jones Indices' Equity Indices Policies & Practices Methodology.

Contact Information

For questions regarding an index, please contact: index_services@spglobal.com.

Index Dissemination

Index levels are available through S&P Dow Jones Indices' Web site at <u>www.spglobal.com/spdji/</u>, major quote vendors (see codes below), numerous investment-oriented Web sites, and various print and electronic media.

Tickers

The table below lists headline indices covered by this document. All versions of the below indices that may exist are also covered by this document. Please refer to the <u>S&P DJI Methodology & Regulatory</u> <u>Status Database</u> for a complete list of indices covered by this document.

Index (Currency)	Return Type	BBG
S&P Kensho New Economies Volatility-Weighted Income Index (USD)	Price Return	KNEDIVP
	Total Return	KNEDIV
	Net Total Return	KNEDIVN

Index Data

Daily constituent and index level data are available via subscription.

For product information, please contact S&P Dow Jones Indices, www.spglobal.com/spdji/en/contact-us.

Web site

For further information, please refer to S&P Dow Jones Indices' Web site at www.spglobal.com/spdji/.

Appendix I

Dividend Yield Calculation

Indicated Dividend Yield = Indicated Annual Dividend / Stock Price.

Sum of Inverse of Standard Deviation Weighting Calculation

Weight Stock_[i] = (1 / 12M Standard Deviation_[i]) / ($\sum_{i=1}^{N} 1 / 12M$ Standard Deviation_[i])

Volatility Calculation

Volatility = σ Daily Price Returns for Stock[i] Last 12 Months * $\sqrt{252}$

Disclaimer

Performance Disclosure/Back-Tested Data

Where applicable, S&P Dow Jones Indices and its index-related affiliates ("S&P DJI") defines various dates to assist our clients by providing transparency. The First Value Date is the first day for which there is a calculated value (either live or back-tested) for a given index. The Base Date is the date at which the index is set to a fixed value for calculation purposes. The Launch Date designates the date when the values of an index are first considered live: index values provided for any date or time period prior to the index's Launch Date are considered back-tested. S&P DJI defines the Launch Date as the date by which the values of an index are known to have been released to the public, for example via the company's public website or its data feed to external parties. For Dow Jones-branded indices introduced prior to May 31, 2013, the Launch Date (which prior to May 31, 2013, was termed "Date of introduction") is set at a date upon which no further changes were permitted to be made to the index methodology, but that may have been prior to the Index's public release date.

Please refer to the methodology for the Index for more details about the index, including the manner in which it is rebalanced, the timing of such rebalancing, criteria for additions and deletions, as well as all index calculations.

Information presented prior to an index's launch date is hypothetical back-tested performance, not actual performance, and is based on the index methodology in effect on the launch date. However, when creating back-tested history for periods of market anomalies or other periods that do not reflect the general current market environment, index methodology rules may be relaxed to capture a large enough universe of securities to simulate the target market the index is designed to measure or strategy the index is designed to capture. For example, market capitalization and liquidity thresholds may be reduced. In addition, forks have not been factored into the back-test data with respect to the S&P Cryptocurrency Indices. For the S&P Cryptocurrency Top 5 & 10 Equal Weight Indices, the custody element of the methodology was not considered; the back-test history is based on the index constituents that meet the custody element as of the Launch Date. Also, the treatment of corporate actions in back-tested performance may differ from treatment for live indices due to limitations in replicating index management decisions. Back-tested performance reflects application of an index methodology and selection of index constituents with the benefit of hindsight and knowledge of factors that may have positively affected its performance, cannot account for all financial risk that may affect results and may be considered to reflect survivor/look ahead bias. Actual returns may differ significantly from, and be lower than, back-tested returns. Past performance is not an indication or guarantee of future results.

Typically, when S&P DJI creates back-tested index data, S&P DJI uses actual historical constituent-level data (e.g., historical price, market capitalization, and corporate action data) in its calculations. As ESG investing is still in early stages of development, certain datapoints used to calculate certain ESG indices may not be available for the entire desired period of back-tested history. The same data availability issue could be true for other indices as well. In cases when actual data is not available for all relevant historical periods, S&P DJI may employ a process of using "Backward Data Assumption" (or pulling back) of ESG data for the calculation of back-tested historical performance. "Backward Data Assumption" is a process that applies the earliest actual live data point available for an index constituent company to all prior historical instances in the index performance. For example, Backward Data Assumption inherently assumes that companies currently not involved in a specific business activity (also known as "product involvement") were never involved historically and similarly also assumes that companies currently not involved historically too. The Backward Data Assumption allows the hypothetical back-test to be extended over more historical years than would be feasible using only actual data. For more information on "Backward Data Assumption" please refer to the FAQ. The methodology and factsheets of any index that employs backward assumption in the back-tested history

will explicitly state so. The methodology will include an Appendix with a table setting forth the specific data points and relevant time period for which backward projected data was used. Index returns shown do not represent the results of actual trading of investable assets/securities. S&P DJI maintains the index and calculates the index levels and performance shown or discussed but does not manage any assets.

Index returns do not reflect payment of any sales charges or fees an investor may pay to purchase the securities underlying the Index or investment funds that are intended to track the performance of the Index. The imposition of these fees and charges would cause actual and back-tested performance of the securities/fund to be lower than the Index performance shown. As a simple example, if an index returned 10% on a US \$100,000 investment for a 12-month period (or US \$10,000) and an actual asset-based fee of 1.5% was imposed at the end of the period on the investment plus accrued interest (or US \$1,650), the net return would be 8.35% (or US \$8,350) for the year. Over a three-year period, an annual 1.5% fee taken at year end with an assumed 10% return per year would result in a cumulative gross return of 33.10%, a total fee of US \$5,375, and a cumulative net return of 27.2% (or US \$27,200).

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S&P DJI provides indices that seek to select, exclude, and/or weight index constituents based on, but not limited to, certain environmental, social or governance (ESG) indicators, or a combination of those indicators, including the following: environmental indicators (including the efficient use of natural resources, the production of waste, greenhouse gas emissions, or impact on biodiversity); social indicators (such as, inequality and investment in human capital); governance indictors (such as sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff, tax compliance, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters), specific sustainability or values-related company involvement indicators (for example, production/distribution of controversial weapons, tobacco products, or thermal coal), or controversies monitoring (including research of media outlets to identify companies involved in ESG-related incidents).

S&P DJI ESG indices use ESG metrics and scores in the selection and/or weighting of index constituents. ESG scores or ratings seek to measure or evaluate a company's, or an asset's, performance with respect to environmental, social and corporate governance issues.

The ESG scores, ratings, and other data used in S&P DJI ESG indices is supplied directly or indirectly by third parties (note these parties can be independent affiliates of S&P Global or unaffiliated entities) so an S&P DJI ESG index's ability to reflect ESG factors depends on these third parties' data accuracy and availability.

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Prospective users of an S&P DJI ESG Index are encouraged to read the relevant index methodology and related disclosures carefully to determine whether the index is suitable for their potential use case or investment objective.