S&P Dow Jones Indices

A Division of S&P Global

S&P Dividend Aristocrats Brazil Index Methodology

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S&P Dow Jones Indices: Index Methodology

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Introduction

Index Objective and Highlights

The S&P Dividend Aristocrats Brazil Index measures the performance of 30 stocks in the S&P Brazil BMI (the underlying index) which maintain increasing or stable dividends. These are determined using a rolling three-year moving average to smooth year-to-year fluctuations in the dividend per share amount that otherwise might contribute to index turnover or distort the dividend distribution pattern of Brazilian companies. The index weights constituents by trailing 12-month dividend yield, subject to a single constituent weight cap of 8% and a single Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS®) Sector cap of 35%.

For information on the S&P Brazil BMI, please refer to the S&P Global BMI, S&P/IFCI Index Methodology at www.spglobal.com/spdji/.

Supporting Documents

This methodology is meant to be read in conjunction with supporting documents providing greater detail with respect to the policies, procedures and calculations described herein. References throughout the methodology direct the reader to the relevant supporting document for further information on a specific topic. The list of the main supplemental documents for this methodology and the hyperlinks to those documents is as follows:

Supporting Document	URL
S&P Dow Jones Indices' Equity Indices Policies & Practices Methodology	Equity Indices Policies & Practices
S&P Dow Jones Indices' Index Mathematics Methodology	Index Mathematics Methodology
S&P Dow Jones Indices' Float Adjustment Methodology	Float Adjustment Methodology
S&P Dow Jones Indices' Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS) Methodology	GICS Methodology

This methodology was created by S&P Dow Jones Indices to achieve the aforementioned objective of measuring the underlying interest of each index governed by this methodology document. Any changes to or deviations from this methodology are made in the sole judgment and discretion of S&P Dow Jones Indices so that the index continues to achieve its objective.

Eligibility Criteria

Index Universe

At each rebalancing, the index universe is all constituents of the underlying index.

Eligibility Factors

As of each rebalancing reference date, stocks in the index universe must satisfy the following to be eligible for index inclusion:

- Market Capitalization: have a float-adjusted market capitalization (FMC) of at least US \$250 million.
- Liquidity: have a three-month average daily value traded (3MADVT) of at least US\$ 1 million.
- **Dividend Yield:** have a dividend yield as of the rebalancing date. The dividend yield is calculated using the dividend per share paid over the trailing 12-month divided by the price, as of the rebalancing reference date.
 - Companies that eliminate the latest scheduled dividend payment or cancel a subsequent scheduled dividend are ineligible and excluded.
- **Dividend Stability:** have a stable or increasing rolling three year moving average computed over the past five years of dividend payments. Regular dividend payments as well as interest on capital are considered. The total dividend amount considered is based on a trailing year basis.
- Multiple Share Classes: each company is represented once by the listing with the highest dividend yield, subject to meeting the eligibility criteria detailed above. In the event multiple lines meet the eligibility criteria and have similar dividend yields, the Designated Listing is selected. For more information regarding the treatment of multiple share classes, please refer to Approach C within the Multiple Share Classes section of the S&P Dow Jones Indices' Equity Indices Policies & Practices Methodology.

Dividend Payment Types

S&P Dow Jones Indices only considers cash dividend payments declared as regular by the paying company for index eligibility, selection, and weighting purposes. Cash dividend payments declared as special by the paying company, including recurring special cash dividends, are not considered. For both eligibility and weighting purposes, annualized cash dividend amounts, before withholding tax, are used.

Index Construction

Constituent Selection

At each rebalancing, rank eligible stocks in the index universe based on trailing 12-month dividend yield and select the highest ranking 30 largest stocks to form the index.

In order to reduce turnover, the index uses the three year rolling moving average mechanism to smooth out year-over-year fluctuations in dividend payment patterns.

Stock Diversification Criteria. At each rebalancing, the index selects 30 constituents. If the target constituent count is not met:

- 1. relax the minimum FMC threshold to US\$ 150 million. Constituents that satisfy this criterion, as well as all other index eligibility criteria, are added in decreasing order of dividend yield until the constituent count reaches 30.
- 2. If the target constituent count is still not met, relax the 3MADVT to US\$ 500,000. Constituents that satisfy this criterion, as well all other index eligibility criteria, are added in decreasing order of dividend yield until the constituent count reaches 30.

Constituent Weightings. At each rebalancing, the index weights constituents by trailing 12-month dividend yield, subject to the following constraints:

- 1. cap single constituent weights at 8%.
- 2. cap each single GICS Sector at 35%.

Index Calculations

The index calculates by means of the divisor method used for all S&P Dow Jones' equity indices.

For more information on the index calculation methodology, please refer to the Non-Market Capitalization Weighted Indices section of S&P Dow Jones Indices' Index Mathematics Methodology.

Index Maintenance

Rebalancing

The index rebalances annually, effective after the close of the third Friday day in April. The rebalancing reference date for the data used in the review is the third Friday of March. Index shares are assigned based on prices seven business days prior to the rebalancing.

Secondary Review. In addition to the annual rebalancing, the index conducts a secondary review in October, effective on the third (3rd) Friday of the month using a reference date as of the last business day of September, to ensure that the constituent weighting criteria are being adhered to and that index constituents continue to pay dividends. Any index constituent which has eliminated its most recent dividend is removed. Constituents removed between rebalancings are not replaced.

If weights require realignment, as of the reference date, the excess weight is redistributed among other stocks based on current constituent weights. Since index shares are assigned based on prices seven business days prior to the rebalancing, the actual weight of each stock at the rebalancing differs from the target weights due to market movements.

Monthly Dividend Review

Index constituents are reviewed on a monthly basis for ongoing eligibility. For more information regarding the monthly dividend review, please refer to Approach B in the Monthly Review for Ongoing Eligibility in Dividend Focused.

Additions and Deletions

Additions. Except for spin-offs, no additions are made to the index between rebalancings.

Spin-offs. Spin-offs added to the index are retained until the subsequent rebalancing and re-evaluated for continued inclusion.

Deletions. Index constituents are removed from the index between rebalancings if the stock is impacted by corporate events such as mergers, acquisitions, takeovers, or delisting.

Corporate Actions

For more information on corporate action treatment, please refer to the Non-Market Capitalization Indices Section of S&P Dow Jones Indices' Equity Indices Policies & Practices Methodology.

Currency of Calculation and Additional Index Return Series

The index calculates in Brazilian reals and U.S. dollars.

In addition to the indices detailed in this methodology, additional return series versions of the indices may be available, including, but not limited to the following: currency, currency hedged, decrement, fair value, inverse, leveraged, and risk control versions. For a list of available indices, please refer to the <u>S&P DJI Methodology & Regulatory Status Database</u>.

For information on the index calculation, please refer to S&P Dow Jones Indices' Index Mathematics Methodology.

For the inputs necessary to calculate certain types of indices, including decrement, dynamic hedged, fair value, and risk control indices, please refer to the Parameters documents available at www.spglobal.com/spdii.

Base Date and History Availability

Index history availability, base date, and base value are shown in the table below.

Index	Launch Date	First Value Date	Page Date	Base
Index	Date	Date	Base Date	value
S&P Dividend Aristocrats Brazil Index	08/01/2012	04/18/2008	04/18/2008	1000

Index Data

Calculation Return Types

S&P Dow Jones Indices calculates multiple return types which vary based on the treatment of regular cash dividends. The classification of regular cash dividends is determined by S&P Dow Jones Indices.

- Price Return (PR) versions are calculated without adjustments for regular cash dividends.
- Gross Total Return (TR) versions reinvest regular cash dividends at the close on the ex-date without consideration for withholding taxes.
- Net Total Return (NTR) versions, if available, reinvest regular cash dividends at the close on the ex-date after the deduction of applicable withholding taxes.

In the event there are no regular cash dividends on the ex-date, the daily performance of all three indices will be identical.

For a complete list of indices available, please refer to the daily index levels file (".SDL").

For more information on the classification of regular versus special cash dividends as well as the tax rates used in the calculation of net return, please refer to S&P Dow Jones Indices' Equity Indices Policies & Practices Methodology.

For more information on the calculation of return types, please refer to S&P Dow Jones Indices' Index Mathematics Methodology.

Index Governance

Index Committee

An S&P Dow Jones Indices Index Committee maintains the index. All committee members are full-time professional members of S&P Dow Jones Indices' staff. The committee meets monthly. At each meeting, the Index Committee may review pending corporate actions that may affect index constituents, statistics comparing the composition of the indices to the market, companies that are being considered as candidates for addition to an index, and any significant market events. In addition, the Index Committee may revise index policy covering rules for selecting companies, treatment of dividends, share counts or other matters.

S&P Dow Jones Indices considers information about changes to its indices and related matters to be potentially market moving and material. Therefore, all Index Committee discussions are confidential.

S&P Dow Jones Indices' Index Committees reserve the right to make exceptions when applying the methodology if the need arises. In any scenario where the treatment differs from the general rules stated in this document or supplemental documents, clients will receive sufficient notice, whenever possible.

In addition to the daily governance of indices and maintenance of index methodologies, at least once within any 12-month period, the Index Committee reviews the methodology to ensure the indices continue to achieve the stated objectives, and that the data and methodology remain effective. In certain instances, S&P Dow Jones Indices may publish a consultation inviting comments from external parties.

For information on Quality Assurance and Internal Reviews of Methodology, please refer to S&P Dow Jones Indices' Equity Indices Policies & Practices Methodology.

Index Policy

Announcements

All index constituents are evaluated daily for data needed to calculate index levels and returns. All events affecting the daily index calculation are typically announced in advance via the Index Corporate Events report (.SDE), delivered daily to all clients.

For more information, please refer to the Announcements section of S&P Dow Jones Indices' Equity Indices Policies & Practices Methodology.

Pro-forma Files

In addition to the corporate events file (.SDE), S&P Dow Jones Indices provides constituent pro-forma files for each index each time the indices rebalance. The pro-forma file is typically provided daily in advance of the rebalancing date, and it contains all constituents as well as their corresponding weights and index shares effective for the upcoming rebalancing.

Please visit <u>www.spglobal.com/spdji</u> for a complete schedule of rebalancing timelines and pro-forma delivery times.

Holiday Schedule

Except for days when all the exchanges that list an index's constituents are officially closed, the indices calculate daily, throughout the calendar year.

A complete holiday schedule for the year is available at www.spglobal.com/spdji.

Rebalancing

The Index Committee may change the date of a given rebalancing for reasons including market holidays occurring on or around the scheduled rebalancing date. Any such change will be announced with proper advance notice where possible.

Unexpected Exchange Closures

For information on Unexpected Exchange Closures, please refer to S&P Dow Jones Indices' Equity Indices Policies & Practices Methodology.

Recalculation Policy

For information on the recalculation policy please refer to S&P Dow Jones Indices' Equity Indices Policies & Practices Methodology.

For information on Calculations and Pricing Disruptions, Expert Judgment and Data Hierarchy, please refer to S&P Dow Jones Indices' Equity Indices Policies & Practices Methodology.

Contact Information

For questions regarding an index, please contact: index_services@spglobal.com.

Index Dissemination

Index levels are available through S&P Dow Jones Indices' Web site at www.spglobal.com/spdji/, major quote vendors (see codes below), numerous investment-oriented Web sites, and various print and electronic media.

Tickers

The table below lists headline indices covered by this document. All versions of the below indices that may exist are also covered by this document. Please refer to the <u>S&P DJI Methodology & Regulatory Status Database</u> for a complete list of indices covered by this document.

Index	Return Type	BBG	RIC
	Price Return	SPBRDABP	.SPBRDABP
S&P Dividend Aristocrats Brazil Index	Total Return	SPBRDABT	
	Net Total Return	SPBRDABN	
	Price Return	SPBRDAUP	.SPBRDAUP
S&P Dividend Aristocrats Brazil USD	Total Return	SPBRDAUT	
	Net Total Return	SPBRDAUN	

Index Data

Daily constituent and index level data are available via subscription.

For product information, please contact S&P Dow Jones Indices, www.spglobal.com/spdji/en/contact-us.

Web site

For further information, please refer to S&P Dow Jones Indices' Web site at www.spglobal.com/spdii/.

Appendix A

Methodology Changes

Methodology changes since January 1, 2015, are as follows:

	Effective Date		dology
Change Monthly Dividend Review	(After Close) 04/19/2019	S&P Dow Jones Indices reviews index constituents on a monthly basis. If S&P Dow Jones Indices determines an index constituent has eliminated, suspended its dividend or omitted a payment, it will be removed from the index effective prior to the open of the first business day of the following month. In addition, constituent stocks are reviewed on a monthly basis for dividend cuts. Constituent stocks may, at the discretion of the Index Committee, be removed effective prior to the open of the first business day of the following month if the constituent company lowers but does not eliminate its dividend, its new yield is significantly lower than the lowest yielding constituent, and the index committee can determine based on current information that the company will not qualify for inclusion at the next rebalancing. The determination of qualifying for the index at the subsequent annual reconstitution is done at the discretion of the Index Committee. The decision to remove an index constituent due to dividend elimination, suspension, omission, or reduction is based on information publicly announced by the company as of five business days prior to month-end. The index constituents removed as part of the monthly dividend review process are not replaced until	S&P Dow Jones Indices reviews index constituents on a monthly basis. If S&P Dow Jones Indices determines that an index constituent has eliminated or suspended its dividend, omitted a payment, or reduced its calendar year dividend amount and its new yield is significantly lower than the lowest yielding constituent and will no longer qualify for the index at the subsequent reconstitution, it will be removed from the index effective prior to the open of the first business day of the following month and not replaced until the following reconstitution. Any changes are announced five business days prior to monthend. The determination of qualifying for the index at the subsequent reconstitution is at the discretion of the Index Committee. The decision to remove an index constituent due to dividend elimination, suspension, omission, or reduction is based on information publicly announced by the company as of seven business days prior to month-end.
Monthly Dividend Review	07/31/2018	the following annual reconstitution.	S&P Dow Jones Indices reviews index constituents on a monthly basis. If S&P Dow Jones Indices determines an index constituent has eliminated, suspended its dividend or omitted a payment, it will be removed from the index effective prior to the open of the first business day of the following month. In addition, constituent stocks are reviewed on a monthly basis for dividend cuts. Constituent stocks may, at the discretion of the Index Committee, be removed effective prior to the open of the first business day of the following month if the constituent company lowers but does not eliminate its dividend, its new yield is significantly lower than the lowest yielding constituent, and the index committee can determine based on current information that the company will not qualify for inclusion at the next rebalancing. The determination of qualifying for the index at the subsequent annual reconstitution is done at the discretion of the Index Committee. The decision to remove an index constituent due to dividend elimination, suspension, omission, or reduction is based on information publicly announced by the company as of five business days prior to month-end. The index

	Effective Date	Methodology		
Change	(After Close)	Previous	Updated constituents removed as part of the monthly dividend review process are not replaced until the following annual reconstitution.	
Consideration of recurring special cash dividends for eligibility, selection, and weighting purposes	04/20/2018	Recurring special cash dividends that S&P Dow Jones Indices considers to be part of the normal payment pattern established by the company are considered regular for eligibility, selection, and weighting purposes.	S&P Dow Jones Indices only considers cash dividend payments declared as regular by the paying company for index eligibility, selection, and weighting purposes. Cash dividend payments declared as special by the paying company, including recurring special cash dividends, are not considered. For both eligibility and weighting purposes, annualized cash dividend amounts, before withholding tax, are used.	
Rebalancing Reference Date	03/16/2018	The rebalancing reference date is the last business day in March.	The rebalancing reference date is the third Friday of March.	
Semi-Annual Review	10/13/2017	In addition to the annual rebalancing, the index also undergoes a secondary review to ensure that the weight constraints are still in place. In addition to checking for weight constraints, stocks that have eliminated dividends since the last annual reconstitution are removed. Therefore, this review may result in reweights of the constituents and sectors. If required, these changes are effective after the close of the third Friday day in October, with the reference date for the data used in the review being the close of the seventh business day prior to this date.	If weights require realignment, as of the reference date, the excess weight is redistributed among other stocks based on current constituent weights. The reference date is the last business day of the month prior to the rebalancing month. Since index shares are assigned based on prices seven business days prior to the rebalancing, the actual weight of each stock at the rebalancing will differ from the target weights due to market movements.	

Appendix B

ESG Disclosures

EX	EXPLANATION OF HOW ENVIRONMENTAL, SOCIAL & GOVERNANCE (ESG) FACTORS ARE REFLECTED IN THE KEY ELEMENTS OF THE BENCHMARK METHODOLOGY ¹				
1.	Name of the benchmark administrator.	S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC.			
2.	Underlying asset class of the ESG benchmark. ²	N/A			
3.	Name of the S&P Dow Jones Indices benchmark or family of benchmarks.	S&P DJI Equity Indices Benchmark Statement			
4.	Do any of the indices maintained by this methodology take into account ESG factors?	No			
Appendix latest update:		January 2021			
Appendix first publication:		January 2021			

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¹ The information contained in this Appendix is intended to meet the requirements of the European Union Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1817 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the minimum content of the explanation of how environmental, social and governance factors are reflected in the benchmark methodology and the retained EU law in the UK [The Benchmarks (amendment and Transitional Provision) (EU Exit) Regulations 2019].

² The 'underlying assets' are defined in European Union Commission Delegated Regulation (EU) 2020/1816 supplementing Regulation (EU) 2016/1011 of the European Parliament and of the Council as regards the explanation in the benchmark statement of how environmental, social and governance factors are reflected in each benchmark provided and published.

Disclaimer

Performance Disclosure/Back-Tested Data

Where applicable, S&P Dow Jones Indices and its index-related affiliates ("S&P DJI") defines various dates to assist our clients by providing transparency. The First Value Date is the first day for which there is a calculated value (either live or back-tested) for a given index. The Base Date is the date at which the index is set to a fixed value for calculation purposes. The Launch Date designates the date when the values of an index are first considered live: index values provided for any date or time period prior to the index's Launch Date are considered back-tested. S&P DJI defines the Launch Date as the date by which the values of an index are known to have been released to the public, for example via the company's public website or its data feed to external parties. For Dow Jones-branded indices introduced prior to May 31, 2013, the Launch Date (which prior to May 31, 2013, was termed "Date of introduction") is set at a date upon which no further changes were permitted to be made to the index methodology, but that may have been prior to the Index's public release date.

Please refer to the methodology for the Index for more details about the index, including the manner in which it is rebalanced, the timing of such rebalancing, criteria for additions and deletions, as well as all index calculations.

Information presented prior to an index's launch date is hypothetical back-tested performance, not actual performance, and is based on the index methodology in effect on the launch date. However, when creating back-tested history for periods of market anomalies or other periods that do not reflect the general current market environment, index methodology rules may be relaxed to capture a large enough universe of securities to simulate the target market the index is designed to measure or strategy the index is designed to capture. For example, market capitalization and liquidity thresholds may be reduced. In addition, forks have not been factored into the back-test data with respect to the S&P Cryptocurrency Indices. For the S&P Cryptocurrency Top 5 & 10 Equal Weight Indices, the custody element of the methodology was not considered; the back-test history is based on the index constituents that meet the custody element as of the Launch Date. Also, the treatment of corporate actions in back-tested performance may differ from treatment for live indices due to limitations in replicating index management decisions. Back-tested performance reflects application of an index methodology and selection of index constituents with the benefit of hindsight and knowledge of factors that may have positively affected its performance, cannot account for all financial risk that may affect results and may be considered to reflect survivor/look ahead bias. Actual returns may differ significantly from, and be lower than, back-tested returns. Past performance is not an indication or guarantee of future results.

Typically, when S&P DJI creates back-tested index data, S&P DJI uses actual historical constituent-level data (e.g., historical price, market capitalization, and corporate action data) in its calculations. As ESG investing is still in early stages of development, certain datapoints used to calculate certain ESG indices may not be available for the entire desired period of back-tested history. The same data availability issue could be true for other indices as well. In cases when actual data is not available for all relevant historical periods, S&P DJI may employ a process of using "Backward Data Assumption" (or pulling back) of ESG data for the calculation of back-tested historical performance. "Backward Data Assumption" is a process that applies the earliest actual live data point available for an index constituent company to all prior historical instances in the index performance. For example, Backward Data Assumption inherently assumes that companies currently not involved in a specific business activity (also known as "product involvement") were never involved historically and similarly also assumes that companies currently involved in a specific business activity were involved historically too. The Backward Data Assumption allows the hypothetical back-test to be extended over more historical years than would be feasible using only actual data. For more information on "Backward Data Assumption" please refer to the FAQ. The methodology and factsheets of any index that employs backward assumption in the back-tested history

will explicitly state so. The methodology will include an Appendix with a table setting forth the specific data points and relevant time period for which backward projected data was used. Index returns shown do not represent the results of actual trading of investable assets/securities. S&P DJI maintains the index and calculates the index levels and performance shown or discussed but does not manage any assets.

Index returns do not reflect payment of any sales charges or fees an investor may pay to purchase the securities underlying the Index or investment funds that are intended to track the performance of the Index. The imposition of these fees and charges would cause actual and back-tested performance of the securities/fund to be lower than the Index performance shown. As a simple example, if an index returned 10% on a US \$100,000 investment for a 12-month period (or US \$10,000) and an actual asset-based fee of 1.5% was imposed at the end of the period on the investment plus accrued interest (or US \$1,650), the net return would be 8.35% (or US \$8,350) for the year. Over a three-year period, an annual 1.5% fee taken at year end with an assumed 10% return per year would result in a cumulative gross return of 33.10%, a total fee of US \$5,375, and a cumulative net return of 27.2% (or US \$27,200).

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