

# The Growing S&P 500<sup>®</sup> ESG Index Liquidity Ecosystem

## Contributors

**Aran Spivey**  
Senior Analyst  
Sustainability Indices  
[aran.spivey@spglobal.com](mailto:aran.spivey@spglobal.com)

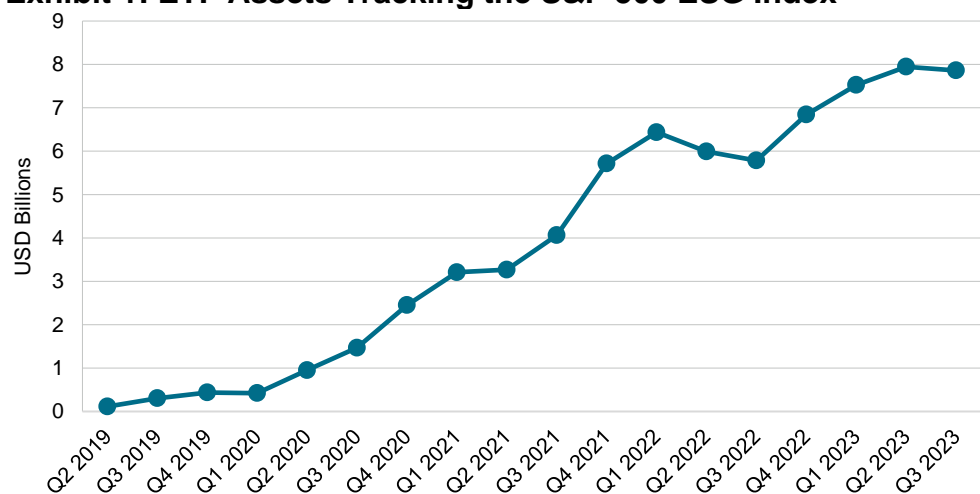
**Igor Zilberman**  
Director  
Index Capital Markets  
[igor.zilberman@spglobal.com](mailto:igor.zilberman@spglobal.com)

**Michael Orzano**  
Senior Director  
Global Equity Indices  
[michael.orzano@spglobal.com](mailto:michael.orzano@spglobal.com)

## Introduction

Since its launch in 2019, the [S&P 500 ESG Index](#) has emerged as an important benchmark to measure the [S&P 500](#) with an ESG lens. While assets under management (AUM) based on the index have grown steadily (see Exhibit 1), the S&P 500 ESG Index is also notable for the liquidity associated with the growing network of financial products based on it. Though dwarfed by the scale of the S&P 500, the trading volumes based on the ecosystem of exchange traded funds (ETFs), futures and options surrounding the S&P 500 ESG Index are unmatched by other offerings in the market, bolstering the index's position as the most liquid index that incorporates ESG factors for U.S. equities.

### Exhibit 1: ETF Assets Tracking the S&P 500 ESG Index

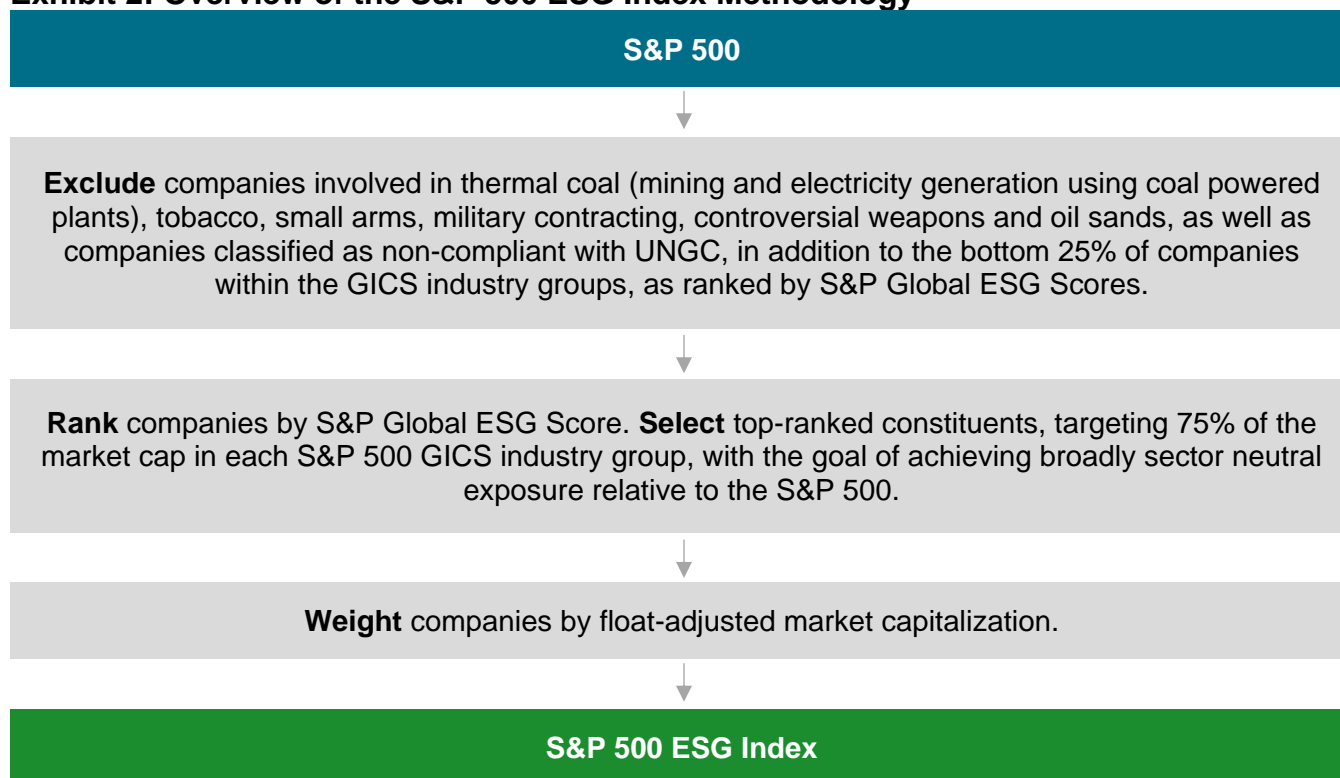


Source: S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, Morningstar. Data as of Sept. 29, 2023. Note that this analysis tracks ETF assets under management to the standard S&P 500 ESG Index, and not variants. Chart is provided for illustrative purposes.

# About the Index

As of Sept. 29, 2023, the S&P 500 ESG Index included 319 companies from the S&P 500. The S&P 500 ESG Index seeks to reflect many of the attributes of the S&P 500 itself, while incorporating ESG factors. This outcome is achieved by applying various business activity exclusions and using S&P Global ESG scores to target 75% of the market capitalization in each S&P 500 GICS® industry group. The index construction process is outlined in Exhibit 2.<sup>1</sup>

## Exhibit 2: Overview of the S&P 500 ESG Index Methodology



Source: S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC. Chart is provided for illustrative purposes.

The S&P 500 ESG Index has appealed to investors for a number of key reasons, including:

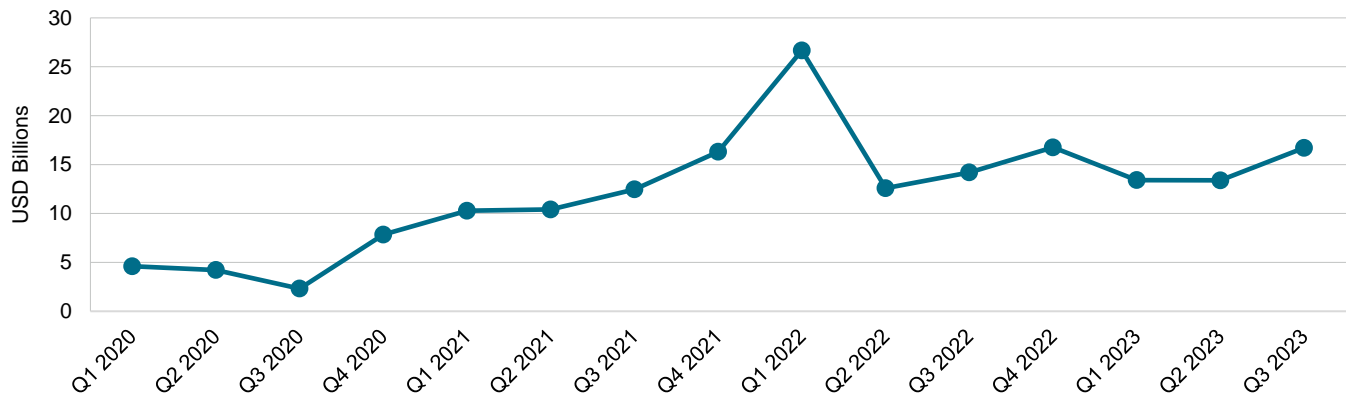
- A historically similar risk/return profile to the S&P 500 with improved ESG characteristics; and
- An easy-to-understand, rules-based and transparent methodology.

<sup>1</sup> For a full walkthrough of the index methodology, please see the published [methodology](#) and our education paper [S&P 500 ESG Index: Defining the Sustainable Core](#).

# Introduction and Growth of S&P 500 ESG Index Derivatives

In November 2019, exchange-traded futures were launched based on the S&P 500 ESG Index. Before the introduction of the futures, the only liquidity pool available to market participants was represented by ETFs. However, the addition of these futures provided additional liquidity. At the end of June 2020, ETFs that tracked the S&P 500 ESG Index had about USD 1 billion in AUM and USD 2.65 billion in value traded, versus USD 8.8 billion of notional traded value (NTV) on derivatives. In comparison with ETF trading, the futures provided a significant injection of liquidity into the marketplace. Futures trading volumes hit a record in Q1 2022, with NTV rising to USD 26.7 billion as depicted in Exhibit 3.

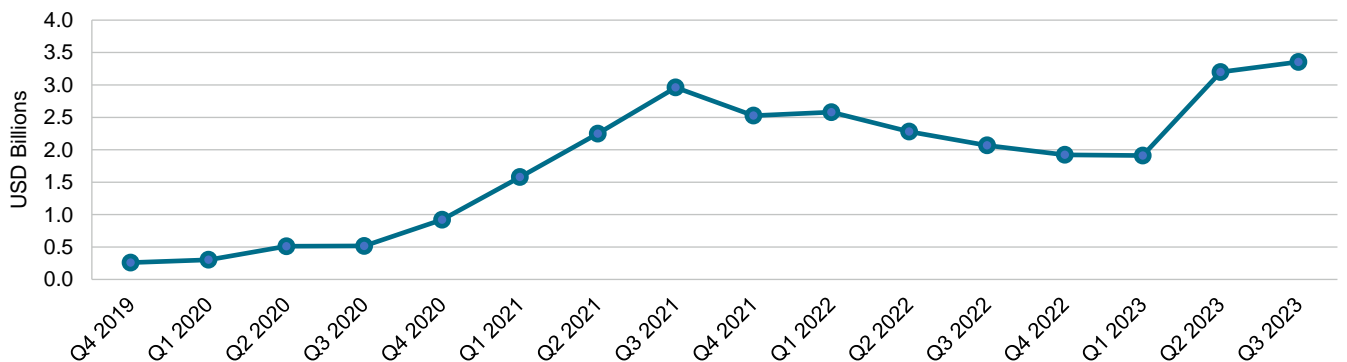
**Exhibit 3: NTV of S&P 500 ESG Index Futures over Time**



Source: S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, FIA, Bloomberg. Data as of Sept. 29, 2023. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Chart is provided for illustrative purposes.

Although recent trading volumes have yet to surpass 2022 highs, open interest (OI) has reached record levels this year, with investors possibly looking to use these products as a way of achieving exposure to U.S. large-cap stocks with stronger ESG credentials.

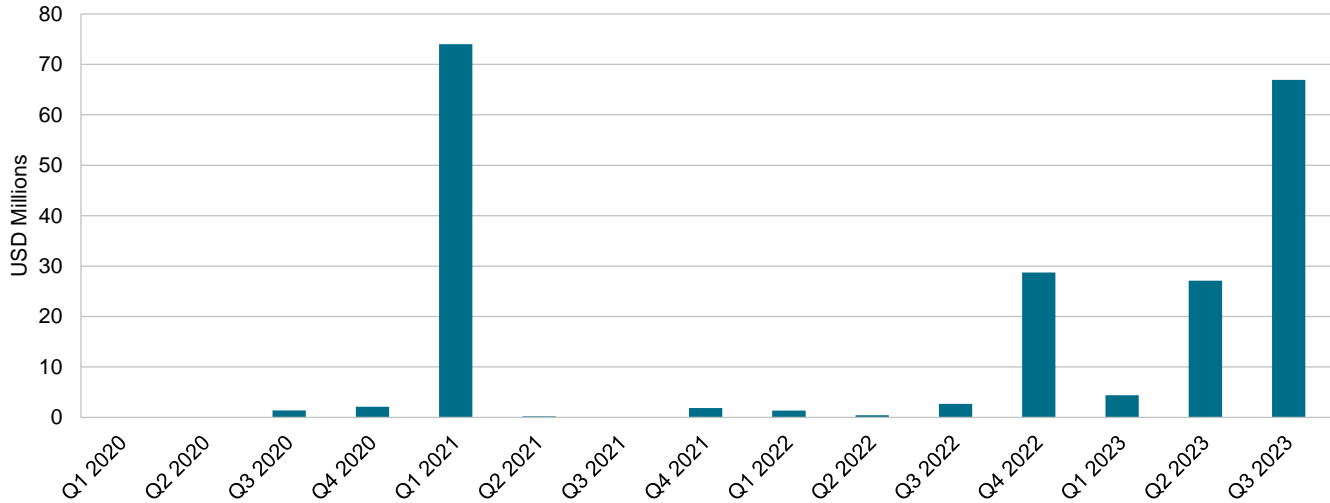
**Exhibit 4: Growth in OI of S&P 500 ESG Index Futures over Time**



Source: S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, FIA, Bloomberg. Data as of Sept. 29, 2023. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Chart is provided for illustrative purposes.

Furthermore, exchange-traded options on the S&P 500 ESG Index were introduced to the market in September 2020. Although trading volumes remain modest, these options provide an additional avenue for expressing views on the index and represent a key part of this growing ecosystem. 2023 has seen greater OI in these options.

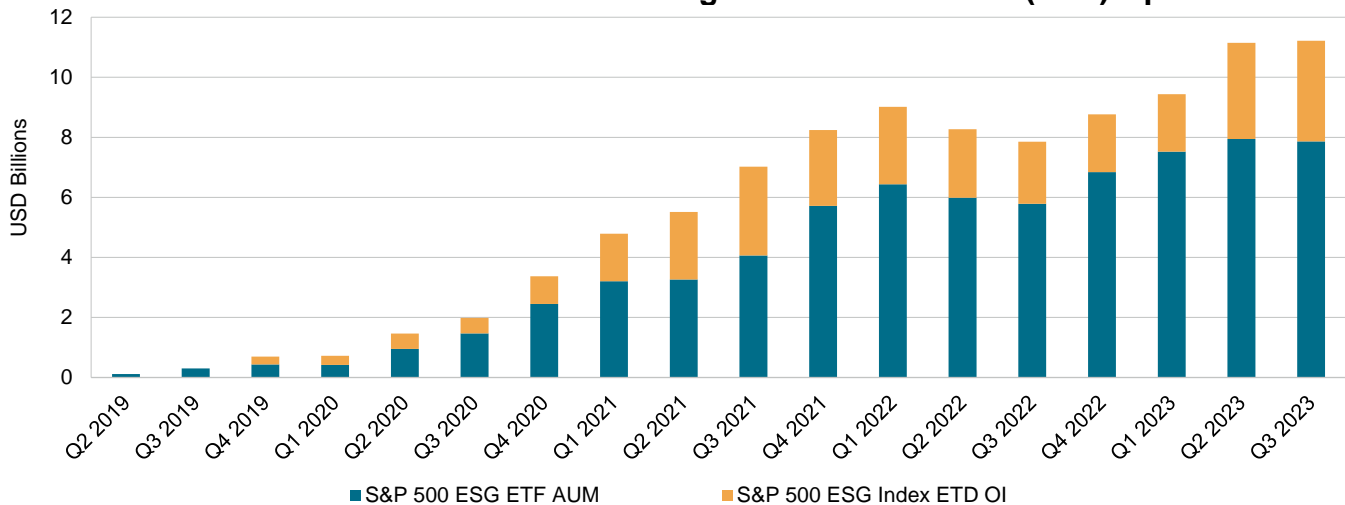
**Exhibit 5: S&P 500 ESG Index Options OI**



Source: S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, FIA, Bloomberg. Data as of Sept. 29, 2023. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Chart is provided for illustrative purposes.

Exhibits 6 and 7 further illustrate the role of futures in the broader S&P 500 ESG Index liquidity ecosystem. As of September 2023, only about 30% of all exposure<sup>2</sup> fell into the OI of futures, but when it comes to liquidity, over 90% of notional value was traded through futures.

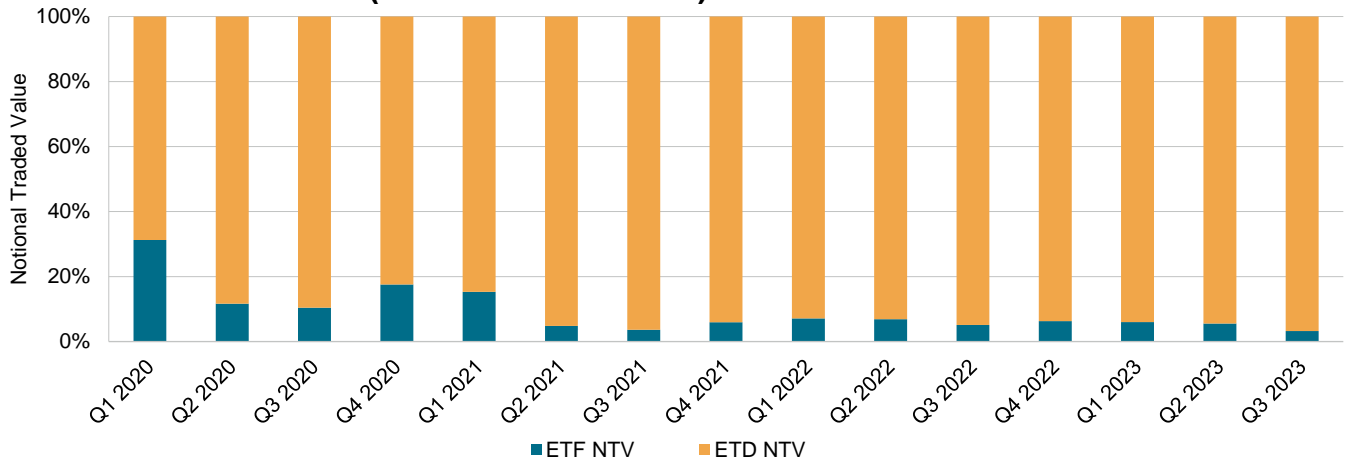
**Exhibit 6: S&P 500 ESG ETF AUM and Exchange-Traded Derivative (ETD) Open Interest**



Source: S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, FIA, Bloomberg. Data as of Sept. 29, 2023. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Chart is provided for illustrative purposes.

<sup>2</sup> Exposure is defined as ETF AUM in USD + exchange-traded derivative open interest converted to USD.

**Exhibit 7: S&P 500 ESG (ETD versus ETF NTV)**



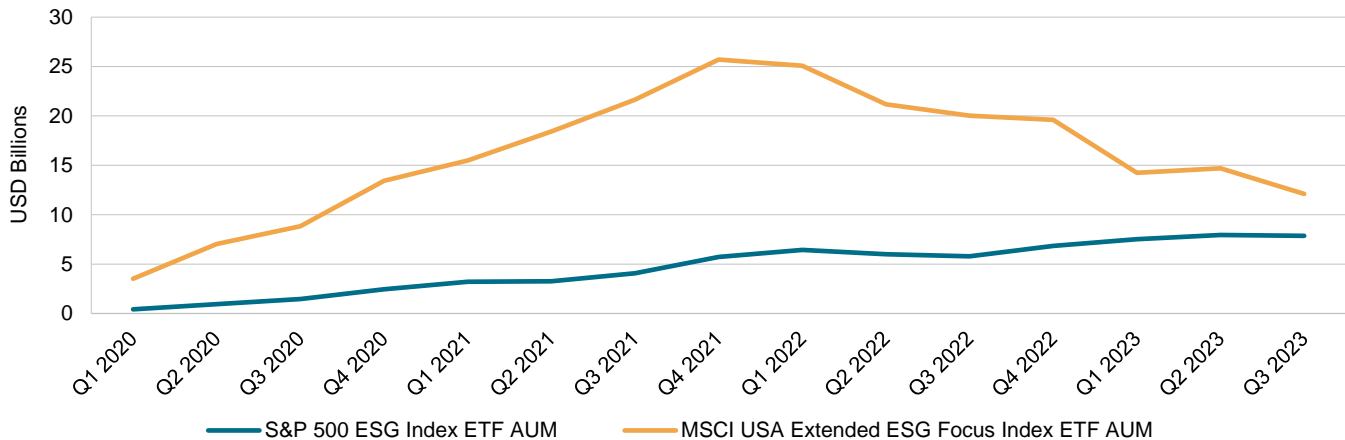
Source: S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, FIA, Bloomberg. Data as of Sept. 29, 2023. Underlying values expressed are in USD billions. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Chart is provided for illustrative purposes.

## A Comparative Lens

To appreciate this liquidity effect on the S&P 500 ESG Index, let us compare it to the U.S. equity ESG index with the largest combined ETF AUM—the MSCI USA Extended ESG Focus Index—which had USD 12.40 billion in ETF AUM as of September 2023.

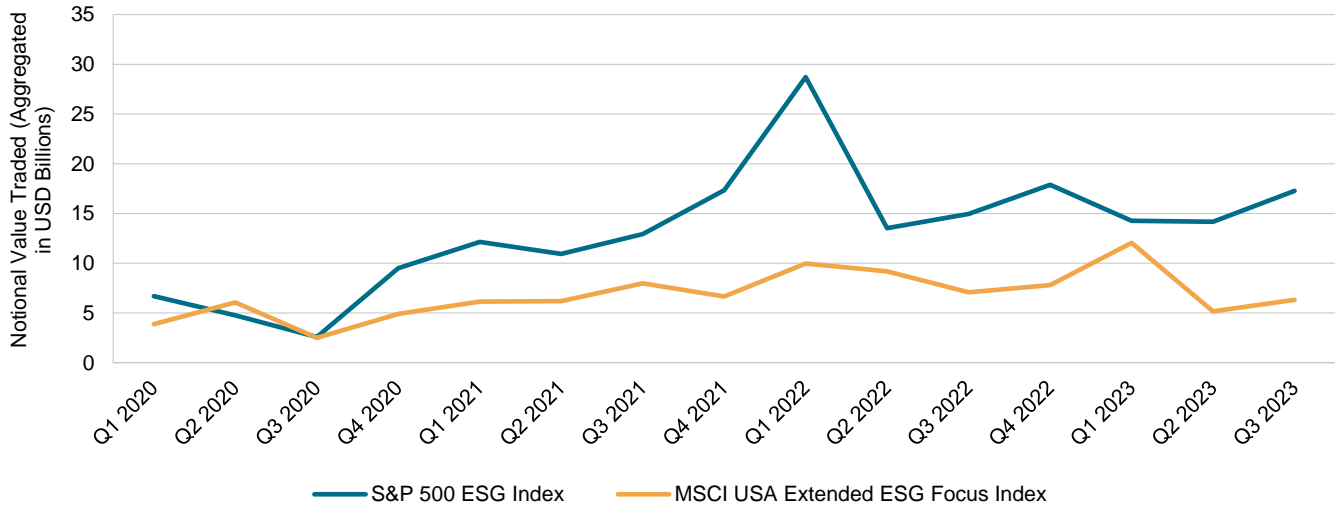
Although the MSCI USA Extended ESG Focus Index has more ETF AUM tied to it than does the S&P 500 ESG Index, the MSCI index doesn’t have ETDs that help expand its liquidity ecosystem. As such, its YTD NTV through September 2023 was USD 23.5 billion, about one-half of the NTV of the S&P 500 ESG Index’s total of USD 45.7 billion. In addition, the recent trajectory of both asset and liquidity growth has been much more positive for the S&P 500 ESG Index in comparison to the MSCI index (see Exhibits 8 and 9).

**Exhibit 8: ETF AUM on the S&P 500 ESG Index and the MSCI USA Extended ESG Focus Index**



Source: S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, Morningstar. Data as of Sept. 29, 2023. ETF assets assessed are only those tracking the two indices mentioned. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Chart is provided for illustrative purposes.

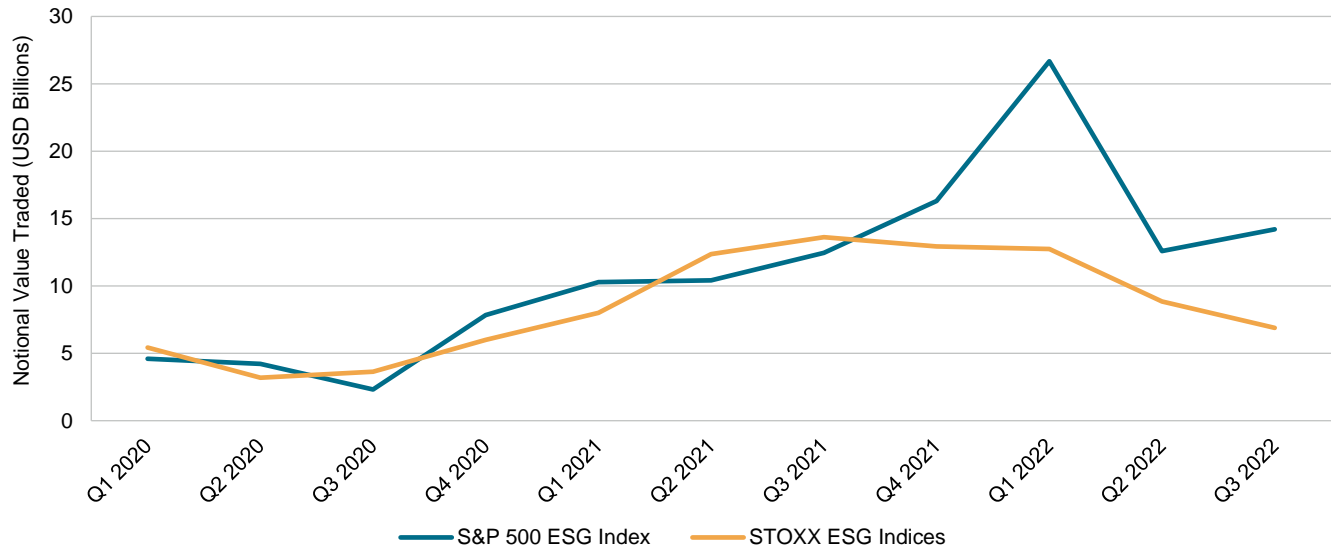
### Exhibit 9: NVT (ETFs and ETDs) on the S&P 500 ESG Index and the MSCI USA Extended ESG Focus Index



Source: S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, FIA, Bloomberg. Data as of Sept. 29, 2023. Note that this compares ETF and ETD trading from the S&P 500 ESG Index, and solely ETF trading on the MSCI USA Extended ESG Focus Index, as ETDs are not listed on the latter. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Chart is provided for illustrative purposes.

Trading volumes of S&P 500 ESG Index-linked products also compare favorably to the next most actively traded suite of ESG index derivatives, which are based on several STOXX European equity ESG indices. In fact, the NTV of the S&P 500 ESG Index has outpaced the aggregate trading value of all STOXX European ESG indices, combined with S&P DJI’s share growing over the past two years (see Exhibit 10).

### Exhibit 10: S&P 500 ESG Index Derivatives versus Stoxx ESG Derivatives<sup>3</sup>



Source: S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, FIA, Bloomberg. Data as of Sept. 29, 2023. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. Chart is provided for illustrative purposes.

<sup>3</sup> Note that indices included in this analysis are: S&P 500 ESG Index, EURO STOXX 50 ESG Index, STOXX Europe 600 ESG-X Index, STOXX Europe ESG Leaders Select 30 Index and STOXX Europe Climate Impact Index

Taking one step further back to see the entire global market, S&P 500 ESG Index ETD volumes have held relatively firm when compared to all global ESG index-based ETDs. On average, since the launch of the S&P 500 ESG Index futures, 40% of all ESG index derivatives notional traded across the global market was based on the S&P 500 ESG Index.<sup>4</sup>

## Conclusion

As sustainable investing has increased in popularity, a wide array of ESG indices entered the market and gained traction either as benchmarks or as the basis for investable products. However, the S&P 500 ESG Index stands out from the crowd due to the range of products and trading activity around the index. With 18 ETFs listed in five markets<sup>5</sup> across North America, Europe and Asia, as well as actively traded ETDs accessible nearly 24 hours per day, the S&P 500 ESG Index has quickly developed a growing liquidity ecosystem unmatched by other comparable ESG indices in the market.

<sup>4</sup> Source: S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, FIA, Bloomberg. Data as of Sept. 29, 2023.

<sup>5</sup> Note this includes dual share class listings.

## General Disclaimer

© 2024 S&P Dow Jones Indices. All rights reserved. S&P, S&P 500, SPX, SPY, The 500, US500, US 30, S&P 100, S&P COMPOSITE 1500, S&P 400, S&P MIDCAP 400, S&P 600, S&P SMALLCAP 600, S&P GIVI, GLOBAL TITANS, DIVIDEND ARISTOCRATS, Select Sector, S&P MAESTRO, S&P PRISM, S&P STRIDE, GICS, SPIVA, SPDR, INDEXOLOGY, iTraxx, iBoxx, ABX, ADBI, CDX, CMBX, LCDX, MBX, MCDX, PRIMEX, TABX, HHPI, IRXX, I-SYND, SOVX, CRITS, CRITR are registered trademarks of S&P Global, Inc. ("S&P Global") or its affiliates. DOW JONES, DJIA, THE DOW and DOW JONES INDUSTRIAL AVERAGE are trademarks of Dow Jones Trademark Holdings LLC ("Dow Jones"). These trademarks together with others have been licensed to S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC. Redistribution or reproduction in whole or in part are prohibited without written permission of S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC. This document does not constitute an offer of services in jurisdictions where S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC, S&P Global, Dow Jones or their respective affiliates (collectively "S&P Dow Jones Indices") do not have the necessary licenses. Except for certain custom index calculation services, all information provided by S&P Dow Jones Indices is impersonal and not tailored to the needs of any person, entity or group of persons. S&P Dow Jones Indices receives compensation in connection with licensing its indices to third parties and providing custom calculation services. Past performance of an index is not an indication or guarantee of future results.

It is not possible to invest directly in an index. Exposure to an asset class represented by an index may be available through investable instruments based on that index. S&P Dow Jones Indices does not sponsor, endorse, sell, promote or manage any investment fund or other investment vehicle that is offered by third parties and that seeks to provide an investment return based on the performance of any index. S&P Dow Jones Indices makes no assurance that investment products based on the index will accurately track index performance or provide positive investment returns. S&P Dow Jones Indices LLC is not an investment advisor, and S&P Dow Jones Indices makes no representation regarding the advisability of investing in any such investment fund or other investment vehicle. A decision to invest in any such investment fund or other investment vehicle should not be made in reliance on any of the statements set forth in this document. S&P Dow Jones Indices is not an investment adviser, commodity trading advisor, commodity pool operator, broker dealer, fiduciary, promoter" (as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended), "expert" as enumerated within 15 U.S.C. § 77k(a) or tax advisor. Inclusion of a security, commodity, crypto currency or other asset within an index is not a recommendation by S&P Dow Jones Indices to buy, sell, or hold such security, commodity, crypto currency or other asset, nor is it considered to be investment advice or commodity trading advice.

These materials have been prepared solely for informational purposes based upon information generally available to the public and from sources believed to be reliable. No content contained in these materials (including index data, ratings, credit-related analyses and data, research, valuations, model, software or other application or output therefrom) or any part thereof ("Content") may be modified, reverse-engineered, reproduced or distributed in any form or by any means, or stored in a database or retrieval system, without the prior written permission of S&P Dow Jones Indices. The Content shall not be used for any unlawful or unauthorized purposes. S&P Dow Jones Indices and its third-party data providers and licensors (collectively "S&P Dow Jones Indices Parties") do not guarantee the accuracy, completeness, timeliness or availability of the Content. S&P Dow Jones Indices Parties are not responsible for any errors or omissions, regardless of the cause, for the results obtained from the use of the Content. THE CONTENT IS PROVIDED ON AN "AS IS" BASIS. S&P DOW JONES INDICES PARTIES DISCLAIM ANY AND ALL EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE, FREEDOM FROM BUGS, SOFTWARE ERRORS OR DEFECTS, THAT THE CONTENT'S FUNCTIONING WILL BE UNINTERRUPTED OR THAT THE CONTENT WILL OPERATE WITH ANY SOFTWARE OR HARDWARE CONFIGURATION. In no event shall S&P Dow Jones Indices Parties be liable to any party for any direct, indirect, incidental, exemplary, compensatory, punitive, special or consequential damages, costs, expenses, legal fees, or losses (including, without limitation, lost income or lost profits and opportunity costs) in connection with any use of the Content even if advised of the possibility of such damages.

S&P Global keeps certain activities of its various divisions and business units separate from each other in order to preserve the independence and objectivity of their respective activities. As a result, certain divisions and business units of S&P Global may have information that is not available to other business units. S&P Global has established policies and procedures to maintain the confidentiality of certain non-public information received in connection with each analytical process.

In addition, S&P Dow Jones Indices provides a wide range of services to, or relating to, many organizations, including issuers of securities, investment advisers, broker-dealers, investment banks, other financial institutions and financial intermediaries, and accordingly may receive fees or other economic benefits from those organizations, including organizations whose securities or services they may recommend, rate, include in model portfolios, evaluate or otherwise address.

The Global Industry Classification Standard (GICS®) was developed by and is the exclusive property and a trademark of S&P and MSCI. Neither MSCI, S&P nor any other party involved in making or compiling any GICS classifications makes any express or implied warranties or representations with respect to such standard or classification (or the results to be obtained by the use thereof), and all such parties hereby expressly disclaim all warranties of originality, accuracy, completeness, merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose with respect to any of such standard or classification. Without limiting any of the foregoing, in no event shall MSCI, S&P, any of their affiliates or any third party involved in making or compiling any GICS classifications have any liability for any direct, indirect, special, punitive, consequential or any other damages (including lost profits) even if notified of the possibility of such damages.



## ESG Indices Disclaimer

S&P DJI provides indices that seek to select, exclude, and/or weight index constituents based on, but not limited to, certain environmental, social or governance (ESG) indicators, or a combination of those indicators, including the following: environmental indicators (including the efficient use of natural resources, the production of waste, greenhouse gas emissions, or impact on biodiversity); social indicators (such as, inequality and investment in human capital); governance indicators (such as sound management structures, employee relations, remuneration of staff, tax compliance, respect for human rights, anti-corruption and anti-bribery matters), specific sustainability or values-related company involvement indicators (for example, production/distribution of controversial weapons, tobacco products, or thermal coal), or controversies monitoring (including research of media outlets to identify companies involved in ESG-related incidents).

S&P DJI ESG indices use ESG metrics and scores in the selection and/or weighting of index constituents. ESG scores or ratings seek to measure or evaluate a company's, or an asset's, performance with respect to environmental, social and corporate governance issues.

The ESG scores, ratings, and other data used in S&P DJI ESG indices is supplied directly or indirectly by third parties (note these parties can be independent affiliates of S&P Global or unaffiliated entities) so an S&P DJI ESG index's ability to reflect ESG factors depends on these third parties' data accuracy and availability.

ESG scores, ratings, and other data may be reported (meaning that the data is provided as disclosed by companies, or an asset, or as made publicly available), modelled (meaning that the data is derived using a proprietary modelling process with only proxies used in the creation of the data), or reported and modelled (meaning that the data is either a mix of reported and modelled data or is derived from the vendor using reported data /information in a proprietary scoring or determination process).

ESG scores, ratings, and other data, whether from an external and/or internal source, is based on a qualitative and judgmental assessment, especially in the absence of well-defined market standards, and due to the existence of multiple approaches and methodologies to assess ESG factors and considerations. An element of subjectivity and discretion is therefore inherent in any ESG score, rating, or other data and different ESG scoring, rating, and/or data sources may use different ESG assessment or estimation methodologies. Different persons (including ESG data ratings, or scoring providers, index administrators or users) may arrive at different conclusions regarding the sustainability or impact of a particular company, asset, or index.

Where an index uses ESG scores, ratings or other data supplied directly or indirectly by third parties, S&P DJI does not accept responsibility for the accuracy or completeness of such ESG scores, ratings, or data. No single clear, definitive test or framework (legal, regulatory, or otherwise) exists to determine 'ESG', 'sustainable', 'good governance', 'no adverse environmental, social and/or other impacts', or other equivalently labelled objectives. In the absence of well-defined market standards and due to the existence of multitude approaches, the exercise of judgment is necessary. Accordingly, different persons may classify the same investment, product and/or strategy differently regarding 'ESG', 'sustainable', 'good governance', 'no adverse environmental, social and/or other impacts', or other equivalently labelled objectives. Furthermore, the legal and/or market position on what constitutes an 'ESG', 'sustainable', 'good governance', 'no adverse environmental, social and/or other impacts', or other equivalently labelled objectives may change over time, especially as further regulatory or industry rules and guidance are issued and the ESG sustainable finance framework becomes more sophisticated.

Prospective users of an S&P DJI ESG Index are encouraged to read the relevant index methodology and related disclosures carefully to determine whether the index is suitable for their potential use case or investment objective.