

Important Note



- This sample report includes selected datasets and questions for illustrative purposes in the analysis section.
- This sample report is based on CSA methodology for 2023.
- T-DAR comprises three distinct modules, with the depth of data analysis contingent upon the selected configuration. This report is structured into three sections, each providing an introduction to one of the three modules.



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Topic Overview and S&P Global Corporate Sustainability Assessment (CSA)



Biodiversity

Relevance for the society

Biodiversity plays a pivotal role in sustaining our well-being and economic stability through the provisioning of ecosystem services. Resources such as wood, groundwater, and plant fibres are the foundation of our livelihoods and industries. Our natural environment acts as a regulatory powerhouse, facilitating pollination, carbon sequestration, erosion control, and protection against floods and storms. These services are essential for maintaining the productivity of our societies but are at risk of overexploitation. The boundaries of nature must be considered to prevent potential collapse of ecosystems, which would have significant consequences for human communities, businesses, and economies. Recognizing this, the Taskforce on Nature-related Financial Disclosures (TNFD) framework is emerging, requiring companies to assess and disclose their impact on biodiversity. This includes understanding their operations and supply chains in relation to key biodiversity areas and protected zones. Companies must consider their dependencies on nature and work collaboratively with stakeholders to ensure mutually beneficial outcomes. Biodiversity is a societal imperative, underpinning our survival, prosperity, and sustainable future.

Relevance for the business

Biodiversity is increasingly relevant for businesses, driven by a shift towards corporate responsibility and sustainable practices. Companies are not only expected to halt the decline of nature but actively enhance it. This commitment to biodiversity involves considering dependencies and risks, engaging stakeholders, conducting risk assessments, and disclosing priority areas and mitigation strategies. Setting targets for long-term net positive impact on the environment is essential. Eighty-five percent of companies in the S&P Global 1200 have significant dependencies on nature within their direct operations. Recognizing and managing these dependencies effectively can help businesses mitigate legal, regulatory, reputational, and market risks associated with environmental issues. Moreover, adept biodiversity management can improve a company's risk profile, enhancing its reputation and promoting growth. As consumers and investors prioritize sustainability, businesses that demonstrate a strong commitment to biodiversity are better positioned to thrive in a changing economic landscape.

Relevance for the capital market

Biodiversity holds increasing relevance for capital markets as investors seek to manage nature and biodiversity-related risks within their portfolios. Historically, the global economy has benefited from natural capital without fully accounting for the costs. However, now 55% of global GDP relies significantly on natural assets and ecosystem services, even as ecosystems' ability to provide these services declines. The EU's Sustainable Finance Disclosure Regulation (SFDR) mandates disclosure by financial market participants and advisers regarding their investments in companies with operations near biodiversity-sensitive areas. This regulation reflects a growing awareness of the impact of business activities on biodiversity. Actively mitigating biodiversity-related risks not only safeguards investments but also enhances a company's resilience in the face of changing natural capital. This, in turn, strengthens a company's reputation and fosters growth. Moreover, embracing nature-positive investments offers an opportunity for capital markets to support businesses that contribute to biodiversity enhancement, aligning financial interests with environmental sustainability.

Sources:

- CSA 2023
- How the world's largest companies depend on nature and biodiversity; S&P Global May 2023
- How TNFD's new core metrics can help corporations and investors measure nature impacts and dependency; S&P Global May 2023

Topic Overview and S&P Global Corporate Sustainability Assessment (CSA)



Biodiversity in the CSA

CSA 2023 Methodology

The basis of the analysis is the S&P Global 2023 Corporate Sustainability Assessment (CSA) which evaluated around 3'000 companies on various E, S, and G parameters, including 5 biodiversity-related questions. These questions cover topics such as the implementation of risk management processes addressing biodiversity-related risks, policy or commitment to biodiversity within operations and supply chains, assessment of potential exposure to critical biodiversity, and mitigation actions to ensure risks are managed. The analysis offers insights into the current biodiversity performance of companies participating in the CSA across 11 industry groups and in 5 geographic locations.

List of the relevant questions from the **Corporate Sustainability Assessment** (CSA) 2023 covered in this report:

- Biodiversity Risk Assessment
- **Biodiversity Commitment**
- 3. Biodiversity Exposure & Assessment



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The Corporate Sustainability Assessment (CSA)



The Corporate Sustainability Assessment (CSA) is an annual evaluation of companies' sustainability practices. This year, S&P Global is inviting over 13,800 companies. The CSA focuses on criteria that are both industry-specific and financially material and has been doing so since 1999.

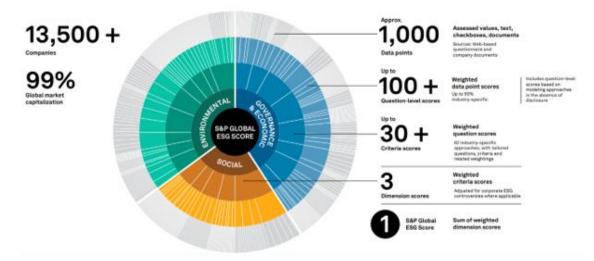
Key facts

- As of January 2020, the CSA is issued by S&P Global, where it forms the foundation of company ESG disclosure to S&P Global for financially material ESG factors and will underpin the ESG research across our different divisions (S&P Global Ratings, S&P Dow Jones Indices and S&P Global Market Intelligence).
- In SustainaAbility's Rate the Raters 2019 report, companies rated the CSA as the most useful ESG assessment thanks to its high level of transparency, its sector-specific view of material ESG issues, and its incorporation of emerging sustainability risks and opportunities. In the 2020 report, which looked at the investor perspective, the CSA came out top among the highestquality ratings and was cited as a "strong signal of sustainability."
- For over 20 years, the results of the CSA are used for the annual rebalancing of the iconic **Dow Jones Sustainability** Indices (DJSI). CSA scores are used in numerous other S&P Dow Jones indices including the Dow Jones Sustainability Indices (DJSAI) and the S&P 500 ESG.
- S&P Global CSA Scores calculated from the CSA are made available to the global Financial markets via the S&P Capital IQ Pro platform, robustly linked to financial and industry data, research and news, providing integral ESG intelligence to make business and financial decisions with conviction.
- Learn all about S&P Global's ESG Solutions at www.spglobal.com/ESG and the CSA at www.spglobal.com/ esg/csa

From data to score

The Corporate Sustainability Assessment (CSA) uses a consistent, rulebased methodology to convert an average of 1000 data points per company into a total sustainability score. It applies 62 industry-specific approaches. The size of the segments in the sample graph below represents the weight (materiality) assigned at the different levels. This chart is not representative of your industry.

S&P Global ESG Scores





Data Universe Covered

Reference universe for this report

All companies that actively participated in CSA 2023 which are eligible for inclusion in the Dow Jones Sustainability Indices.



How to Interpret the Icons of the CSA Methodology

CSA Expected Practice

Assessment Focus		Description of information sought
1	Disclosure/Transparency	Disclosure of qualitative/quantitative information
	Documents	Document supporting company's response
#	Public documents	Publicly available document supporting company's response
Φ	Exposure/Coverage	Coverage of measures implemented, or data reported
~	Trend	Trend of key indicators in the last three / four years
Ø	Performance	Performance of key indicators in comparison to the expected threshold
ଡ	Awareness	Awareness about internal and external issues and measures taken
0	External Verification	Third party verification of data or of processes
ģ	Expected Practice New / Changed	This is a new question, or the expectations have changed significantly for this question compared to last year

Gap Analysis (only T-DAR Starter and Custom)

Asse	ssment	Description		
Ø	Full score (100)	The company's answer received full points, or public information was found		
•	Partial score (1 to 99)	The company's answer did not fully meet the expected practice, or the company did not answer the question, but partial information was found publicly		
8	Score of zero	The company did not answer the question, or the answer did not meet expectations		
•	Additional information	Additional general or company specific information on the assessment approach and result		
Θ	Not applicable	The question/aspect is not applicable for the company, resulting in a relative increase of question/aspect weights across the other questions/aspects in this criterion/question		





How to Interpret the Box-and-Whisker Plot

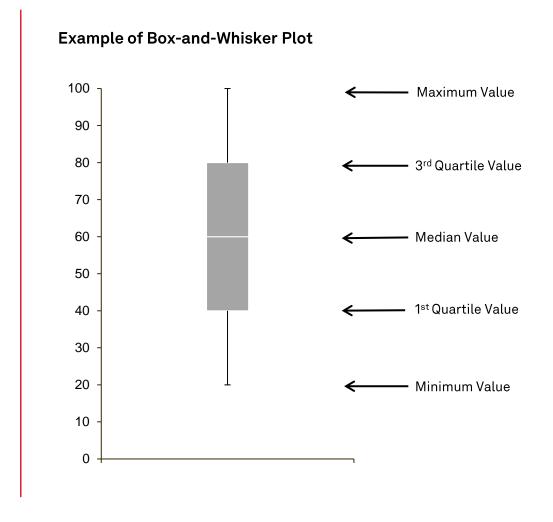


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Biodiversity Risk Assessment

Ensuring Biodiversity Protection through Regular Site Assessments and Management Plans





CSA Expected Practice – Biodiversity Risk Assessment (1/2)

Topic rationale, focus and expected practice for the topic explain the context, materiality and data used for the analysis.

Rationale

The purpose of this question is to determine to what extent companies are taking inventory of biodiversity risks. Biodiversity forms the foundation for all of life. Businesses have long utilized nature's resources without having to pay a full price for the privilege. The externalities of these actions have brought the planet to a turning point either continue elevated levels of dependency and impacts on nature or follow a path towards a more holistic approach. The world—humans, businesses, economies—face a risk of collapse if we continue to exceed nature's boundaries. The only foreseeable option asking businesses to deeply consider their relationship with nature and work collaboratively with stakeholders to achieve mutually beneficial outcomes.

Focus and Expected Practice

Aspects	Focus and Expected practice description		
Process Description		The company has described the processes used for identifying and assessing dependency- and impact-related biodiversity risks covering the following aspects:	
		Use of location-specific approach	
		References to methodologies or frameworks used for assessment	
		Integrated into multi-disciplinary company-wide risk management processes	
		Dependency-related biodiversity risks considered in risk assessment	
		Impact-related biodiversity risks considered in risk assessment	
	(Public reporting on the steps of biodiversity risk assessment process	





CSA Expected Practice – Biodiversity Risk Assessment (2/2)

Topic rationale, focus and expected practice for the topic explain the context, materiality and data used for the analysis.

Rationale (Continued)

This question focuses on the ability of companies to recognize the importance of biodiversity and related risks and opportunities. This includes identifying risks to alleviate pressure on ecosystems while still working within the parameters of business operations. The risk assessment should then be used to inform a company-wide risk management process, ideally through a location-specific approach. This question also asks for a high level of industry collaboration with external stakeholders—to create meaningful processes; operate sustainably within upstream and downstream activities; and transform existing systems.

Focus and Expected Practice

Aspects	Focus	and Expected practice description
Scope of the assessment		The scope of the biodiversity risk assessment includes:
		Own operations
		Adjacent areas to own operations
		Upstream activities
		Downstream activities
	(1)	Public reporting on the scope of biodiversity risk assessment
Risks identified	(1)	The company has publicly reported on any of the following: • Biodiversity-related risks identified • No biodiversity-related risks





Public Commitment to Biodiversity

Note: The data analysis does not include companies for which this question has been considered as not applicable.

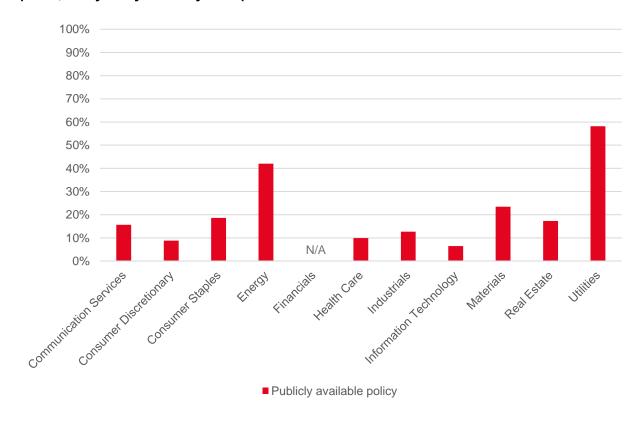
Total assessed companies in CSA 2023: XXXX

N/A: Question is not applicable to this specific Industry group

Description

- Among the industry groups, 23% of the companies in the analysed universe have a public policy for the commitment to biodiversity.
- Utilities has the highest proportion of companies that have policies covering their commitment to biodiversity (58%).
- Compared to other industry groups, Information Technology has the lowest proportion of companies with relevant policies.

Percentage of companies having a publicly available biodiversity risk assessment in place, analysis by Industry Group







Public Commitment to Biodiversity

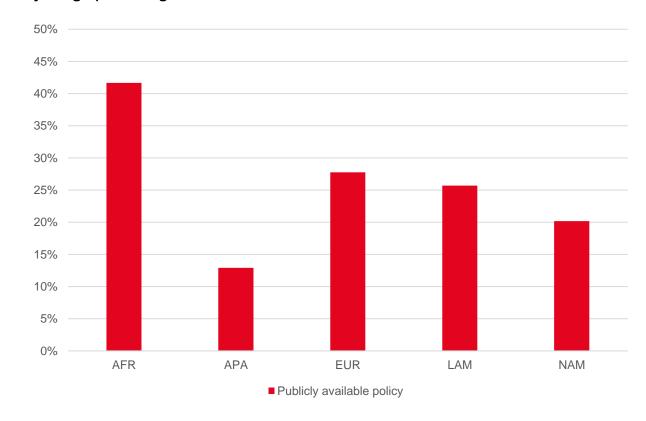
Note: The data analysis does not include companies for which this question has been considered as not applicable.

Total assessed companies in CSA 2023: XXXX

Description

- Analysing companies' reporting across geographies, Africa (42%) has the highest proportion of companies disclosing their commitment to biodiversity in policy.
- Only 13% of the companies based in the Asia Pacific and 20% in North America address these topics in their policies.
- The prevalence of biodiversity commitments are likely to increase with greater legislative pressure in light of initiatives such as the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework that seeks to protect at least 30% of land and sea by 2030.

Percentage of companies having publicly available biodiversity risk assessment, analysis by Geographical Region







Public Commitment to Biodiversity

Note: The data analysis does not include companies for which this question has been considered as not applicable.

Total assessed companies in CSA 2023: XXXX

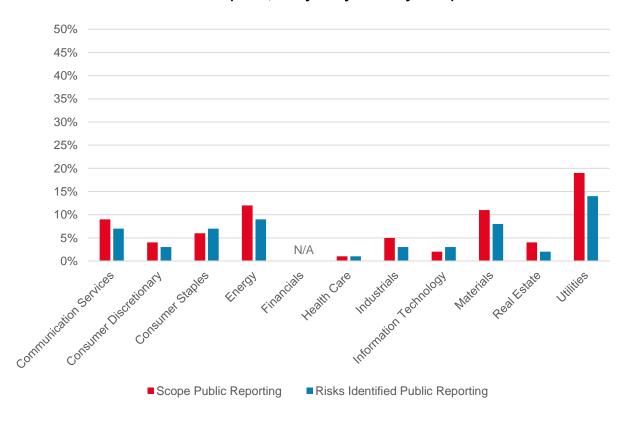
N/A: Question is not applicable to this specific Industry group

Source: CSA 2023

Description

- Among the industry groups, 11% and 8% of the companies in the analysed universe have a public policy for scope of biodiversity risk assessment and risks identified in place
- Utilities has the highest proportion of companies that have policies covering scope of biodiversity risk assessment and risks identified 19% and 14%, respectively.
- Compared to other industry groups, Health care has the lowest proportion of companies with relevant policies.

Percentage of companies having a publicly available scope of biodiversity risk assessment & risks identified in place, analysis by Industry Group







Public Commitment to Biodiversity

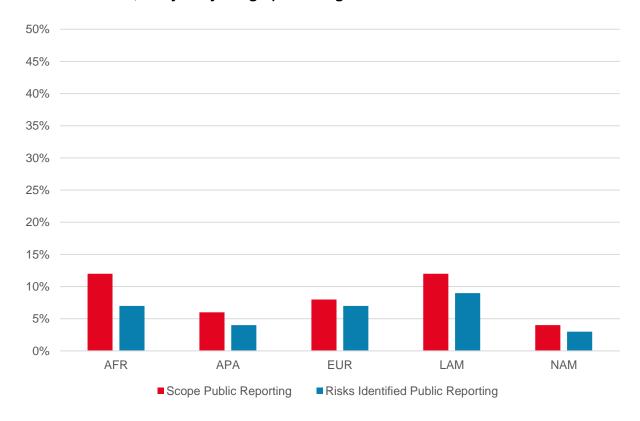
Note: The data analysis does not include companies for which this question has been considered as not applicable.

Total assessed companies in CSA 2023: XXXX

Description

- Analysing companies' reporting across geographies, Latin America (12%) and (9%) of the companies in the analysed universe have a public policy for scope of biodiversity risk assessment and risks identified in place
- Only 4% and 3% of the companies based in the North America address these topics in their policies.
- The prevalence of biodiversity commitments are likely to increase with greater legislative pressure in light of initiatives such as the Kunming-Montreal Global Biodiversity Framework that seeks to protect at least 30% of land and sea by 2030.

Percentage of companies having publicly available scope of biodiversity risk assessment & risks identified, analysis by Geographical Region









Biodiversity Exposure & Assessment

Biodiversity exposure and assessment seeks to understand business exposure to critical biodiversity and how risk management is being implemented to protect and restore habitats





CSA Expected Practice – Biodiversity Exposure & Assessment (1/2)

Topic rationale, focus and expected practice for the topic explain the context, materiality and data used for the analysis.

Rationale

The purpose of this question is to assess whether companies conduct periodic assessments of sites used for operational activities (e.g., production, extraction, plantation, or development activities) to determine the exposure to critical biodiversity. Companies that are exposed to critical biodiversity are expected to implement biodiversity management plans to protect and restore habitats.

Focus and Expected Practice

Aspects		Focus and Expected practice description		
Overall	#	Public disclosure on the following aspects: Number of sites used for operational activities Total land area used for operational activities (in hectares)		
Biodiversity assessment	(4)	Public disclosure confirming the assessment and mapping of biodiversity of the following aspects: • All sites used for operational activities • Total land area used for operational activities (in hectares)		
Biodiversity exposure	(4)	Public disclosure confirming that none of the following aspects are in close proximity to critical biodiversity: Total Sites Assessed Total Land Area Assessed (in hectares)		





CSA Expected Practice – Biodiversity Exposure & Assessment (2/2)

Topic rationale, focus and expected practice for the topic explain the context, materiality and data used for the analysis.

Focus and Expected Practice

Aspects	Focus and Expected practice description		
Biodiversity management plans	(4)	 Public disclosure confirming that all of the following aspects in close proximity to critical biodiversity, have biodiversity management plans in place: Total Sites Assessed Total Land Area Assessed (in hectares) 	





Assessment of Operational sites to identify impact on biodiversity

Note: The data analysis does not include companies for which this question has been considered as not applicable.

Total assessed companies in CSA 2023: XXXX

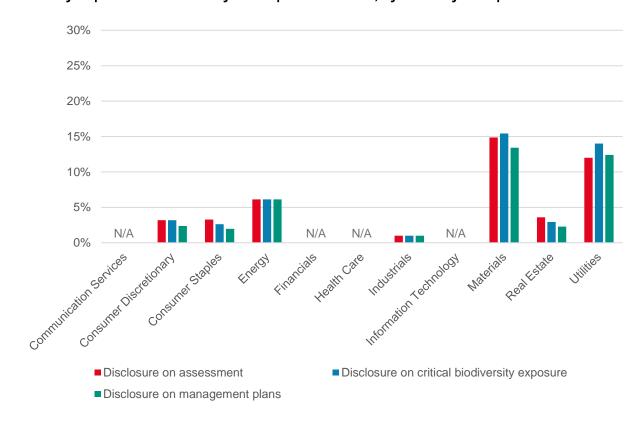
N/A: Question is not applicable to the specific Industry groups

Source: CSA 2023

Description

- All industry groups have less than 20% of companies that assess their impact on biodiversity for their operational sites.
- Materials and Utilities have the highest proportion of companies with biodiversity assessments, the identification of critical biodiversity areas and the creation of management plans.
- Consumer Discretionary, Consumer Staples, Industrials and Real Estate have the lowest proportion of companies that assess their impact on biodiversity for their operational sites.

Percentage of companies having assessment, exposure and management plans to identify impact on biodiversity in the public domain, by Industry Group





Assessment of Operational sites to identify impact on biodiversity

Note: The data analysis does not include companies for which this question has been considered as not applicable.

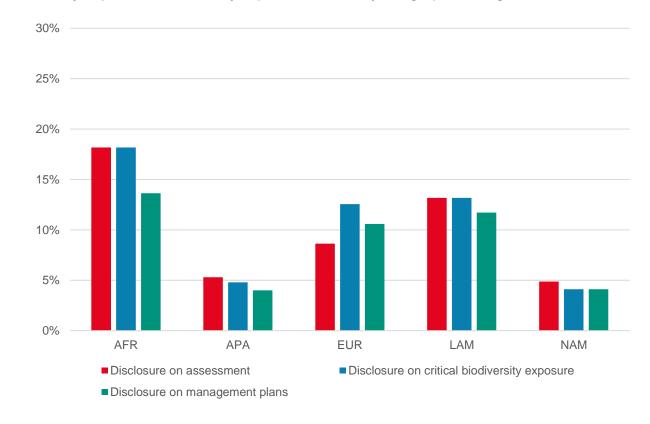
XXXX

Total assessed companies in CSA 2023:

Description

- Analysing reporting across geographies, Africa has the highest proportion of companies with sites that had biodiversity assessments (18%), sites located in critical biodiversity or high impact areas (18%) and had management plans in place (14%).
- Asia Pacific and North America have the lowest proportion of companies that assess their impact on biodiversity for their operational sites.

Percentage of companies having assessment, exposure and management plans to identify impact on biodiversity in public domain, by Geographical Region





Data Analysis at Industry and Country Level



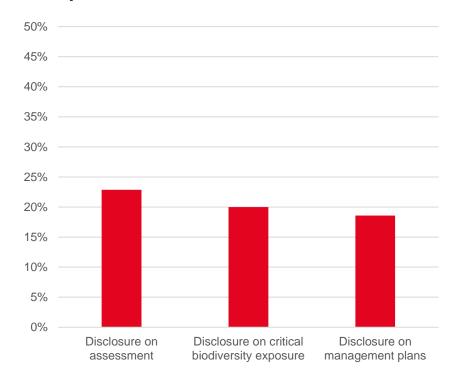
Industry and Country level Breakdown on assessment of operational sites to identify impact on biodiversity

Note: The data analysis does not include companies for which this question has been considered as not applicable.

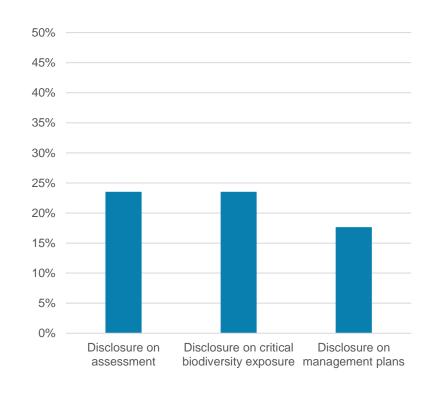
The company's industry and country of reference, as classified by GICS and S&P Global, are in scope.

Total assessed companies in CSA 2023: XXXX

Percentage of companies having assessment, exposure and management plans to identify impact on biodiversity in public domain, for company' industry



Percentage of companies having assessment, exposure and management plans to identify impact on biodiversity in public domain, for company' country







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CSA Gap Analysis – Biodiversity Exposure & Assessment (1/2)

Question Score: X





Zero points

Additional information

Biodiversity Exposure & Assessment

Aspects Focus and Expected practice description			Ass	Assessment		
Overell	(Public disclosure on the number of sites used for operational activities		The company has publicly reported 8 sites with 25,893 hectares of land area which is used for operational		
Overall	0	Public disclosure on the total land area used for operational activities (in Hectares)		activities		
Biodiversity		Public disclosure confirming the assessment and mapping of biodiversity of all sites used for operational activities		The company has publicly reported on an assessment and mapping of biodiversity of all sites and the total land area used for operational activities		
assessment		Public disclosure confirming the assessment and mapping of biodiversity of the total land area used for operational activities (Hectares)				
Die diversite von son		Public disclosure confirming that none of the sites assessed are in close proximity to critical biodiversity		The company has publicly reported 1 site with 4,729 hectares of land area are in close proximity to critical biodiversity; which is above the threshold		
Biodiversity exposure	0	Public disclosure confirming that none of the land area assessed is in close proximity to critical biodiversity				





CSA Gap Analysis – Biodiversity Exposure & Assessment (2/2)

Biodiversity Exposure & Assessment

Aspects	Foc	us and Expected practice description	Assessment		
Biodiversity	#	Public disclosure confirming that all sites in close proximity to critical biodiversity, have biodiversity management plans in place		The company has publicly reported that all sites and total land area in close proximity to critical biodiversity, have biodiversity management plans in place	
management plans	(Public disclosure confirming that all land area in close proximity to critical biodiversity, has biodiversity management plans in place			

Question Score: X





Zero points

Additional information





Selected Peer Groups

Industry Top 10 & **Customized Peer Group**

Industry top 10 2023

- Apples Ltd
- Bananas Inc
- Cucumber AG
- · Dates Ltd
- Coffe Holdings Co
- Grapefruit NV
- Honey AG
- Simple Company
- Hummus Corporation
- Lasagna Automotives

Customized peer group 2023

- Apples Ltd
- Bananas Inc
- Dates Ltd
- Cucumber AG
- Coffe Holdings Co
- Grapefruit NV
- Honey AG
- Simple Company
- Hummus Corporation
- Lasagna Automotives





Biodiversity Commitment

Biodiversity commitment provides a basis for embedding the responsibility to have a commitment through all business functions and conduct risk assessments to address biodiversity risks



CSA Expected Practice – Biodiversity Commitment (1/2)

Topic rationale, focus and expected practice for the topic explain the context, materiality and data used for the analysis.

Rationale

The purpose of this question is to evaluate the disclosure of a company's public policy or commitment to biodiversity, covering aspects to systematically address its dependency and impact-related biodiversity risks. This includes commitments to engage with its stakeholders, conduct risk assessments, and disclose its priority areas identified, as well as a commitment to setting targets to work towards no net loss. Furthermore. companies are expected to commit to disclosing mitigating actions they take as well as setting a long-term net positive impact commitment. All aspects covered are expected to be applied to its entire value chain and be endorsed by either a member of the board of directors or executive management.

Focus and Expected Practice

Aspects	Focus and Expected practice description		
Policy/Commitment		The company has a publicly available policy or commitment in place on biodiversity which defines the following aspects:	
		Achievement of a net positive impact (NPI) on biodiversity along with the target year	
		Definition of biodiversity-related targets for priority areas to work towards no net loss	
		Commitment of value chain to avoid operational activities near sites containing globally or nationally important biodiversity	
		Application of mitigation hierarchy	
		Conducting a biodiversity risk assessment	
		Engagement with stakeholders on biodiversity	





CSA Expected Practice – Biodiversity Commitment (2/2)

Topic rationale, focus and expected practice for the topic explain the context, materiality and data used for the analysis.

Focus and Expected Practice

Aspects	Focus and Expected practice description		
Scope of Commitment	The scope of the commitment includes: • Own operations		
		• Suppliers	
		Partners	
Endorsement	(The policy is endorsed by a member of the board of directors	



Question Level Score Analysis



Company XYZ's Performance vs. Customized Peer Group - Biodiversity Commitment

The name of the companies included in this peer group is available on page 31 of the report.

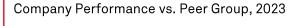
Lowest Score

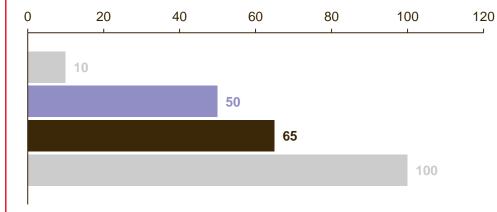
Peer Average

Company XYZ

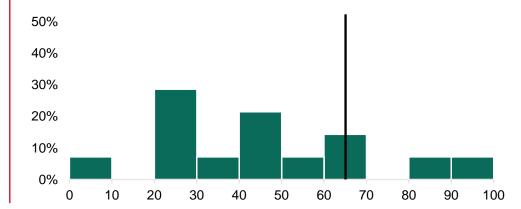
Best Company Score

The histogram shows for each score decile, the frequency in %, i.e. the % of companies in the peer group that score in a certain range, as well as the score of your company.





Score Distribution for Companies Analyzed in the Peer Group 2023



Source: CSA 2023

Company score

S&P Global

Key Metrics: Company Compared to Customized Peer Group

Company Rank (Percentile)	79
Relative to best company (%)	65

YoY Changes in Customized Peer Group

Descriptive Value	ΔΥοΥ
Lowest Score	10
Peer Average	20
Company XYZ	10
Best Company Score	0

Key Statistics: Customized Peer Group

Descriptive Value	Companies Analyzed
Average	50
Standard deviation	24
Percentage Not Applicable *	7%
Number of companies analyzed	14

* Percentage of companies in the industry for which Not Applicable was accepted for this criterion.



Adoption of metrics to measure impact on Biodiversity

Note: The data analysis does not include companies for which this question has been considered as not applicable.

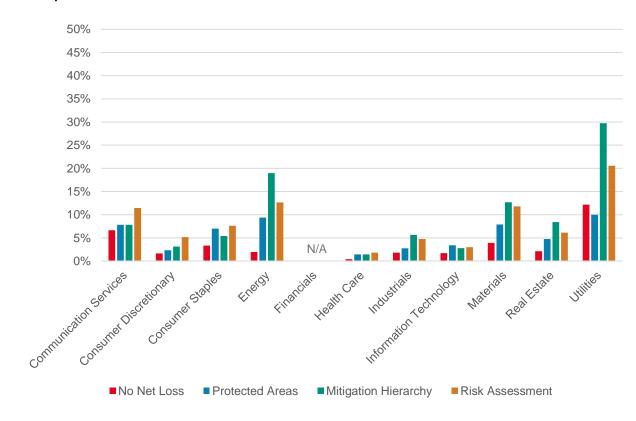
Total assessed companies in CSA 2023: XXXX

N/A: Question is not applicable to the respective Industry group

Description

- Across all industry groups, company's industry have 4% of companies have stated metrics to no net loss on biodiversity.
- Utilities has the highest proportion of companies that have metrics to measure impact on biodiversity
- Health Care has the lowest proportion of companies that have metrics to measure impact on biodiversity.

Percentage of companies having metrics to measure impact on biodiversity, by Industry Group







Adoption of metrics to measure impact on Biodiversity

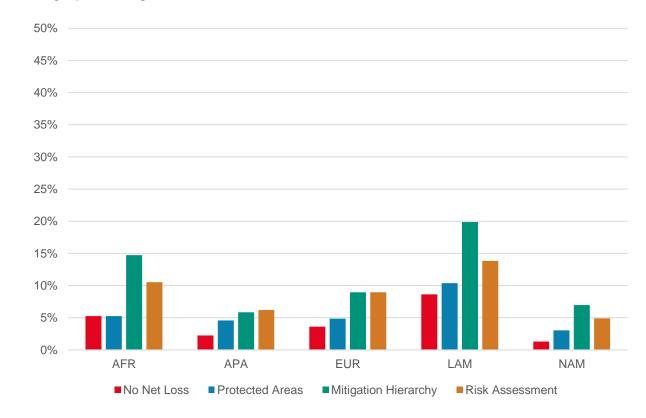
Note: The data analysis does not include companies for which this question has been considered as not applicable.

Total assessed companies in CSA 2023: XXXX

Description

- Analysing companies' reporting across geographies, Latin America is among the regions that have the highest proportion of metrics to measure impact on biodiversity
- Asia Pacific and North America have the lowest percentage of companies with of metrics to measure impact on biodiversity
- Across all regions, 5% of companies reported the implementation of other metrics to measure their impact on biodiversity.

Percentage of companies having metrics to measure impact on biodiversity, by **Geographical Region**





Data Analysis at Industry and Country Level



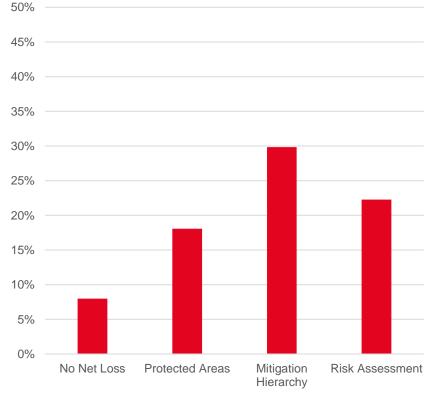
Industry & Country Level Breakdown on adoption of metrics to measure impact on **Biodiversity**

Note: The data analysis does not include companies for which this question has been considered as not applicable.

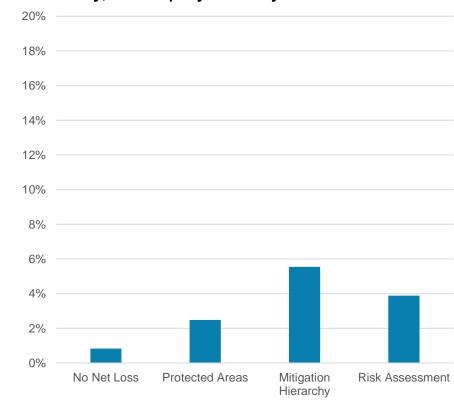
The company's industry and country of reference, as classified by GICS and S&P Global, are in scope.

Total assessed companies in CSA 2023: XXXX

Percentage of companies having net positive impact, no net loss, and other metrics to measure impact on biodiversity, for company's industry



Percentage of companies having net positive impact, no net loss, and other metrics to measure impact on biodiversity, for company's country





Data Analysis at Industry, Industry top 10, and Customized peer group

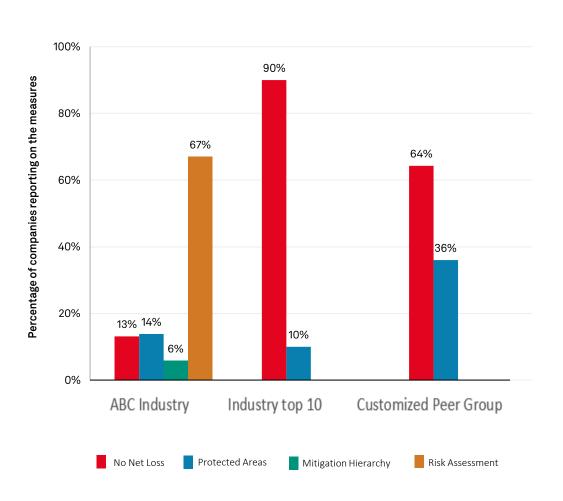


Data Breakdown for the adoption of metrics to measure impact on biodiversity

Note: The data analysis does not include companies for which this question has been considered as not applicable.

The company's industry of reference, as classified by GICS and S&P Global, are in scope.

Total assessed companies in CSA 2023: XXXX



Size of the Peer Groups

Peer Group	Number of Companies in 2023	
ABC Industry	136	
Industry Top 10	10	
Customized Peer Group	14	





Target year for implementation of biodiversity commitment

Note: The data analysis does not include companies for which this question has been considered as not applicable.

Total assessed companies in CSA 2023: XXXX

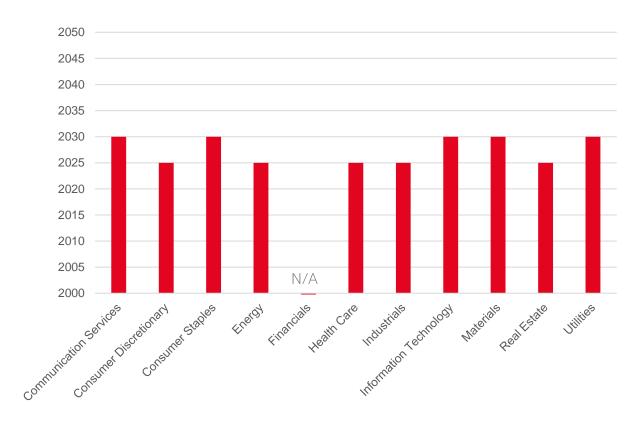
N/A: Question is not applicable to the respective Industry group

Source: CSA 2023

Description

• Median target year for the implementation of biodiversity commitments across half of all industry sectors is 2025, with the other half of industry sectors targeting 2030.

Median target year for the implementation of biodiversity commitment, by Industry Group



Data Analysis at Industry Group and Regional Level



Target year for implementation of biodiversity commitment

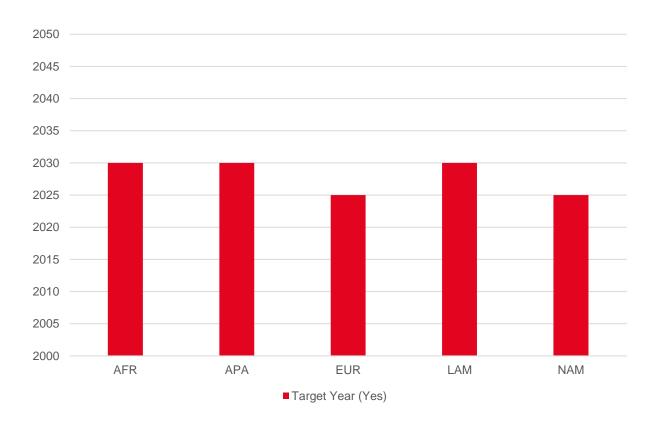
Note: The data analysis does not include companies for which this question has been considered as not applicable.

Total assessed companies in CSA 2023: XXXX

Description

- Africa, Asia Pacific and Latin America have a longer timescale for the implementation of biodiversity commitments, with a median target year of 2030.
- Europe and North America indicate a median target year of 2025 for the implementation for their biodiversity commitments.

Median target year for the implementation of biodiversity commitment, by Geographical Region





Data Analysis at Industry and Country Level



Target year for implementation of biodiversity commitment

Note: The data analysis does not include companies for which this question has been considered as not applicable.

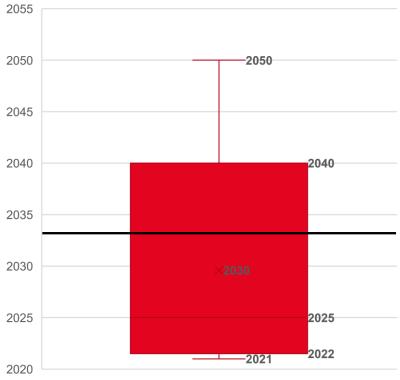
The company's industry and country of reference, as classified by GICS and S&P Global, are in scope.

Total assessed companies in CSA 2023: XXXX

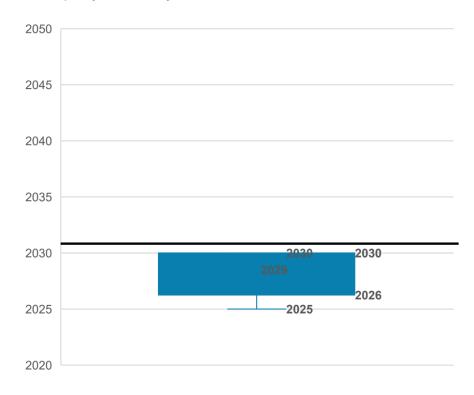
- Company's Performance
- Maximum Value
- O Quartile 1, Median Value & Quartile 3
- Minimum Value

implementation of biodiversity commitment, for company's industry 2055

Analysis on target year set by the company for



Analysis on target year set by the company for implementation of biodiversity commitment, for company's country



Data Analysis at Industry, Industry Top 10, and Customized Peer Group



Data Breakdown on the company's Industry, Industry top 10, and Customized peer group analysis. adoption of metrics to measure impact on Biodiversity

Note: The data analysis does not include companies for which this question has been considered as not applicable.

The company's industry and country of reference, as classified by GICS and S&P Global, are in scope.

Total assessed companies in CSA 2023: XXXX

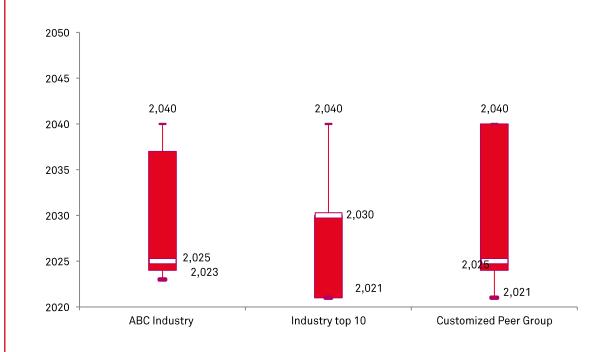


— Maximum Value

O Quartile 1, Median Value & Quartile 3

— Minimum Value





Size of the Peer Groups

Peer Group	Number of Companies in 2023
ABC Industry	136
Industry Top 10	10
Customized Peer Group	14



Data Analysis at Industry Group and Regional Level



Biodiversity commitment covering – Own Operations, Suppliers, and Partners

Note: The data analysis does not include companies for which this question has been considered as not applicable.

Total assessed companies in CSA 2023: XXXX

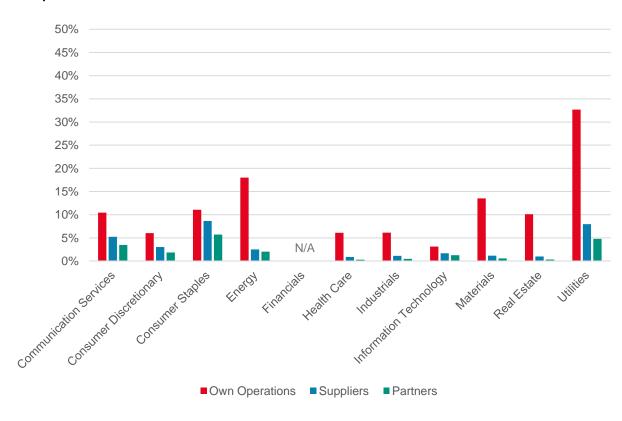
N/A: Question is not applicable to the specific Industry group

Source: CSA 2023

Description

- Biodiversity commitments that extend to all company operations as well as supply chain were noted for 5% of companies across the assessed universe.
- Among the industry groups, Utilities has the highest proportion of companies that have biodiversity commitment that covers their own operations (33%), and Consumer Staples has the highest proportion of companies that include suppliers (9%) and partners (6%) in their biodiversity commitment.
- Health Care, Industrials, Materials and Real Estate have the lowest proportion of companies that include their suppliers and partners in their biodiversity commitments.

Percentage of companies disclosing the scope of biodiversity commitment, by Industry Group





Biodiversity commitment covering – Own Operations, Suppliers, and Partners

Note: The data analysis does not include companies for which this question has been considered as not applicable.

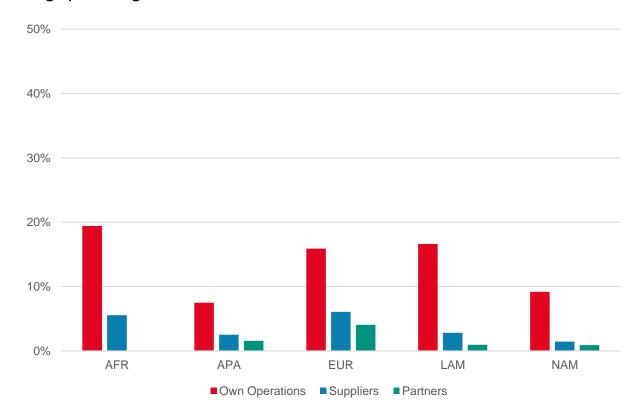
Total assessed companies in CSA 2023: XXXX

Source: CSA 2023

Description

- Analysing companies' reporting across geographies, very few companies have explicit coverage of the application of their biodiversity commitment.
- Africa is among the regions that have the highest proportion of companies disclosing a biodiversity commitment that includes their own operations (19%).
- Across Africa and Europe, 6% of companies include suppliers in their commitment to biodiversity, and 4% of European companies include partners in their commitment.
- Asia Pacific has the lowest percentage of companies that include their own operations within their biodiversity commitment (7%).
- Latin America and North America have the lowest percentage of companies that extend their biodiversity commitment to their suppliers.

Percentage of companies disclosing the scope of biodiversity commitment, by **Geographical Region**



Data Analysis at Industry and Country Level



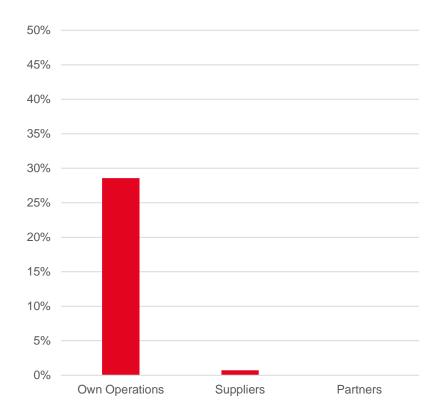
Industry & Country Level Breakdown on Biodiversity Commitment covering - Own **Operations, Suppliers, and Partners**

Note: The data analysis does not include companies for which this question has been considered as not applicable.

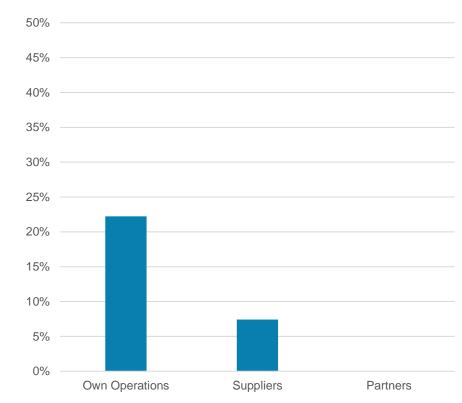
The company's industry and country of reference, as classified by GICS and S&P Global, are in scope.

Total assessed companies in CSA 2023: XXXX

Percentage of companies disclosing the scope of biodiversity commitment, for company's industry



Percentage of companies disclosing the scope of biodiversity commitment, for company's country





Data Analysis at Industry, Industry Top 10, and Customized Peer Group



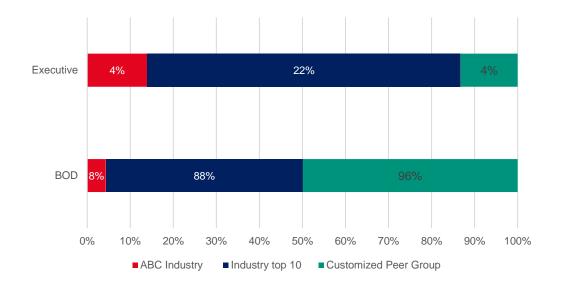
Data Breakdown on policy endorsement by a member of either the board of directors, or executive management

Note: The data analysis does not include companies for which this question has been considered as not applicable.

The company's industry and country of reference, as classified by GICS and S&P Global, are in scope.

Total assessed companies in CSA 2023: XXXX

Percentage of companies' policy endorsed by a member of either the board of directors, or executive management, for company' Industry, Industry top 10, and Customized peer group



Size of the Peer Groups

Peer Group	Companies in 2023
ABC Industry	136
Industry Top 10	10
Customized Peer Group	14

Source: CSA 2023



Number of



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 - Relevance for the society, company and capital market
- Data Universe and Guidance
 Scope of the analysis and how to read charts and symbols
 - Data Analysis
- XX Detailed data analysis by industry group and geography to understand how the topic is addressed Benchmarking of the company performance on data-point level versus peers in the industry and in the countries of reference
- Company Performance on the Topic based on the CSA practice
 Performance of the company on the specific topic, highlighting the major gaps in terms of score with respect to the CSA practice
- XX Contact Information

Company Performance on the Topic based on the CSA practice



CSA Gap Analysis – Biodiversity Commitment (1/3)

Question Score: X



Partial score

Zero points

Additional information

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Aspects	Focus and Expected practice description		Assessment		
Policy/Commitment		The company has a publicly available policy or commitment in place on biodiversity which defines the following aspects:			
		Achievement of a net positive impact (NPI) on biodiversity along with the target year	8	The company does not publicly report on the achievement of a net positive impact (NPI) on biodiversity	
		Definition of biodiversity-related targets for priority areas to work towards no net loss	8	The company does not publicly report on the definition of biodiversity-related targets for priority areas to work towards no net loss	
			•	The evidence provided on page 92 of the Integrated Report 2023 provides evidence on objectives for biodiversity commitment. However, no information has been disclosed regarding targets related to no net loss along with a link between the target and a biodiversity impact/dependency reduction. Therefore, the response was not accepted.	
		Commitment of value chain to avoid operational activities near sites containing globally or nationally important biodiversity	⊘		
		Application of mitigation hierarchy	Ø		





CSA Gap Analysis – Biodiversity Commitment (2/3)

Question Score: X



Partial score

Zero points

Additional information

Biodiversity Commitment

Aspects	Focus and Expected practice description		Assessment	
Policy/Commitment (Continued)	(Conducting a biodiversity risk assessment	8	The company does not publicly conduct a biodiversity risk assessment
		Engagement with stakeholders on biodiversity	Ø	
	(The scope of the commitment includes:		
Scope of Commitment		Own operations	Ø	
		Suppliers	8	The scope of the biodiversity commitment does not include its suppliers
			•	The information on page 2 of Biodiversity Policy provides evidence on the company conducting in-depth study of impacts with key suppliers and subcontractors. However, no clear commitment statement has been disclosed including suppliers towards biodiversity conversation.
		Partners	8	The scope of the biodiversity commitment does not include its partners



Company Performance on the Topic based on the CSA practice



CSA Gap Analysis – Biodiversity Commitment (3/3)

Question Score: X

Full	score
ı uli	3001

Partial score

Zero points

Additional information

Biodiversity Commitment

Aspects	Focus and Expected practice description		Assessment	
	(4)	The policy is endorsed by a member of the board of directors	8	The company does not publicly report on the biodiversity policy is endorsed by a member of the board of directors or executive management
Endorsement			•	The company's reported information on the biodiversity policy covers other aspects of the question. However, it does not report on the oversight of the implementation of biodiversity policy by the board of directors. Therefore, the company's response was not accepted.





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Your Contact at S&P Global

Sustainability Benchmarking Services

Telephone: +41 44 529 51 70 S1BenchmarkingServices@spglobal.com www.spglobal.com/esg/csa

S&P Global Switzerland SA

Zurich Branch Neumuehlequai 6 8001 Zurich Switzerland



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