

Asset Managers Look to Up Investments in Companies with Clear Energy Transition Plans and Strong Preparedness, According to Poll at Ratings' ESG Leadership Council

Companies with clear energy transition plans and a strong level of preparedness are expected to benefit from increased capital allocations by asset managers as they minimize their portfolios' exposure to physical climate risks, according to a poll of participants at S&P Global Ratings' most recent ESG Leadership Council.

Preparedness is the capacity of a company, government, financial institution, or other financial entity to anticipate and adapt to a variety of long-term plausible disruptions. One standardized measurement of preparedness is a component of the ESG Evaluation, S&P Global Ratings' analytically-driven assessment of a company's ESG strategy and ability to prepare for potential future risks and opportunities.

Assessing the credibility of target companies' net-zero transition plans is seen as the greatest challenge facing ESG Leadership Council members and their firms following the recent COP 26 Conference in Glasgow. Shorter time horizons – over the rest of this decade rather than through 2050 – and divestment pressures for hard-to-abate industry sectors are the other top issues identified.

The ESG Leadership Council is composed of senior heads of sustainability at buy-side investment firms and is organized by S&P Global Ratings' Americas Market Outreach team.

Additional topics of discussion at the Council included:

- Takeaways on Climate Finance from COP 26, focusing on the components of Mitigation, Adaptation, and Finance.

- Addressing the credibility of corporate transition plans and targets (including scope, detailed strategy, timing, engagement, and impact) in light of investor concerns over various forms of “-washing” (such as green-, social-, sustainability-, SDG-, transition-, Net-Zero-, and ESG-washing).

- The role of external reviews and opinions to help build investor understanding of the net environmental impact of green initiatives, alignment of sustainability financing with ICMA principles, and SDG alignment and transition impact. External reviews such as these are conducted by S&P Global Ratings and other providers.

- S&P's framework for evaluating climate and future physical risks within Impact Groups like Water Scarcity and Drought and Increased Flooding, within Systems like Health, Agriculture and Natural Capital, and within Transmission Pathways (Biophysical, Trade, Finance, and People).

The ESG Leadership Council was moderated by Pamela Snyder of the S&P Global Ratings' Market Outreach team.

Legal Disclaimers

S&P Global Ratings Disclaimers and Regulatory Disclosures

Copyright © 2022 by Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC. All rights reserved.

No content (including ratings, credit-related analyses and data, valuations, model, software or other application or output therefrom) or any part thereof (Content) may be modified, reverse engineered, reproduced or distributed in any form by any means, or stored in a database or retrieval system, without the prior written permission of Standard & Poor's Financial Services LLC or its affiliates (collectively, S&P). The Content shall not be used for any unlawful or unauthorized purposes. S&P and any third-party providers, as well as their directors, officers, shareholders, employees or agents (collectively S&P Parties) do not guarantee the accuracy, completeness, timeliness or availability of the Content. S&P Parties are not responsible for any errors or omissions (negligent or otherwise), regardless of the cause, for the results obtained from the use of the Content, or for the security or maintenance of any data input by the user. The Content is provided on an "as is" basis. S&P PARTIES DISCLAIM ANY AND ALL EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ANY WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE OR USE, FREEDOM FROM BUGS, SOFTWARE ERRORS OR DEFECTS, THAT THE CONTENT'S FUNCTIONING WILL BE UNINTERRUPTED OR THAT THE CONTENT WILL OPERATE WITH ANY SOFTWARE OR HARDWARE CONFIGURATION. In no event shall S&P Parties be liable to any party for any direct, indirect, incidental, exemplary, compensatory, punitive, special or consequential damages, costs, expenses, legal fees, or losses (including, without limitation, lost income or lost profits and opportunity costs or losses caused by negligence) in connection with any use of the Content even if advised of the possibility of such damages.

Credit-related and other analyses, including ratings, and statements in the Content are statements of opinion as of the date they are expressed and not statements of fact. S&P's opinions, analyses and rating acknowledgment decisions (described below) are not recommendations to purchase, hold, or sell any securities or to make any investment decisions, and do not address the suitability of any security. S&P assumes no obligation to update the Content following publication in any form or format. The Content should not be relied on and is not a substitute for the skill, judgment and experience of the user, its management, employees, advisors and/or clients when making investment and other business decisions. S&P does not act as a fiduciary or an investment advisor except where registered as such. While S&P has obtained information from sources it believes to be reliable, S&P does not perform an audit and undertakes no duty of due diligence or independent verification of any information it receives. Rating-related publications may be published for a variety of reasons that are not necessarily dependent on action by rating committees, including, but not limited to, the publication of a periodic update on a credit rating and related analyses.

To the extent that regulatory authorities allow a rating agency to acknowledge in one jurisdiction a rating issued in another jurisdiction for certain regulatory purposes, S&P reserves the right to assign, withdraw or suspend such acknowledgment at any time and in its sole discretion. S&P Parties disclaim any duty whatsoever arising out of the assignment, withdrawal or suspension of an acknowledgment as well as any liability for any damage alleged to have been suffered on account thereof.

S&P keeps certain activities of its business units separate from each other in order to preserve the independence and objectivity of their respective activities. As a result, certain business units of S&P may have information that is not available to other S&P business units. S&P has established policies and procedures to maintain the confidentiality of certain non-public information received in connection with each analytical process.

S&P may receive compensation for its ratings and certain analyses, normally from issuers or underwriters of securities or from obligors. S&P reserves the right to disseminate its opinions and analyses. S&P's public ratings and analyses are made available on its Web sites, www.spglobal.com/ratings (free of charge), and www.ratingsdirect.com (subscription) and may be distributed through other means, including via S&P publications and third-party redistributors. Additional information about our ratings fees is available at www.spglobal.com/usratingsfees.

Australia

Ratings are statements of opinion, not statements of fact or recommendations to buy, hold, or sell any securities or make any other investment decisions. S&P Global Ratings Australia Pty Ltd. holds Australian financial services license number 337565 under the Corporations Act 2001. S&P credit ratings and related research are not intended for and must not be distributed to any person in Australia other than a wholesale client (as defined in Chapter 7 of the Corporations Act). Australian users should only access information about Standard & Poor's products and services from www.spglobal.com/ratings.